

THE WEATHER.

Light showers Thursday and Friday.

THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED 1867

WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 4, 1912.

THE MODERN IDEA.

To keep the money stirring you've got to keep your Advertising Going.

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WHOLE NUMBER 13,944.

DECISIVE BATTLE BEGUN IN MEXICO

Clash Between Rebels and
Feds May be Last of
the Revolution.

FIGHTING INDECISIVE SO FAR

Engagement is Begun at Bachimba
Canyon, Which Controls En-
trance to Chihuahua—Story
of the Fighting.

Rebel Front, Bachimba, Mex., July 3.—In the heart of the mountains of northern Mexico where Bachimba canyon, a natural fortress, controls the entrance to the city of Chihuahua, 40 miles north, was begun today what may prove the last battle of the Mexican revolution. During six hours of brisk fighting between 5,000 rebels under Gen. Pascual Orozco and an almost equal number of government troops under Gen. Victoriano Huerta, no great advantage was gained by either side, indications tonight being that if the rebel ammunition holds out, the issue will not be decided for several days.

A Federal victory means the end of the organized revolution and a succession of guerrilla struggles.

The rebels at nightfall were pouring a heavy artillery fire into the rebel positions, the extent of which was estimated by rebel officers at 1,000 shells in five hours.

Col. Francisco Castaneda, chief of Orozco's forces, distinguished himself during the fighting by leading a column that thwarted a Federal assault on the northwest. He had hardly recovered from his wounds received in a collision of troop trains 10 days ago.

For five weeks the contending armies had been separated by burned bridges and torn up tracks left by the rebels as they retreated north after the battle of Balleza. Slowly the government commander repaired 150 miles of railroad and several bridges on the Mexican Central Railroad, finally bringing his artillery to Bachimba, where in the meantime, the rebels had entrenched themselves.

Owing to the rugged nature of the country where the fight began today, an artillery assault in front of Bachimba was early seen to be impossible, and the government commander consequently brought his guns into play on the east and west side of the canyon, which was a narrow, southward for a distance of three miles, perpendicular walls of rock with occasional ledges guarding both sides of the canyon and prohibiting a frontal assault.

Leaving a small force at the entrance to the canyon to guard troop trains, the rebels moved to the right and left of the pass and mingled a heavy artillery bombardment with the steady fire of infantry and cavalry. In defense the rebels had placed their cannon at right angles to Bachimba Pass, protected by large columns of infantry. As the fighting progressed, there were desperate sallies of Federal cavalry through the shattered gaps which cut through the canyon in many places, but the rebels managed to check each sally.

The Federal shelling did little damage in the rebel camp. At nightfall only slight losses had been reported.

Eight hours of hard fighting gave the government forces the advantageous position they now hold and when the fighting resumed tomorrow General Huerta believes he will have no difficulty in forcing the entire rebel army from their mountain stronghold.

"The government army made a great showing today," said General Huerta, as he moved his box car telegraph of fire into Bachimba station at 10 o'clock tonight, a place only yesterday held by the rebels. Tomorrow at daybreak, he declared, the rebels will renew the attack. Two bomb-throwing machines were captured today from the rebels and several prisoners were taken. Casualties are unknown tonight as the battlefield had not been examined, but as most of the firing was at long range it is not believed the losses will be heavy on either side. Unless General Orozco, on account of a scarcity of ammunition, has withdrawn his forces northward, as has been reported here, it is probable that tomorrow's fighting will be decisive.

Rebel Positions Captured.
Mexico City, July 3.—The division under Gen. Huerta today captured all the important positions held by the rebels at Bachimba which they had selected for their last stand, according to advices received here tonight from the front.

STAMP OUT PLAGUE

Marine Hospital Experts Placed in
Charge in Cuba

San Juan, Porto Rico, July 3.—The Federal government at the request of the Governor has placed the United States Marine Hospital experts in charge of the work of stamping out the Bubonic Plague. According to the announcement the United States is to pay the expenses.

Santiago Iglesias, representing the Porto Rican Federation of Labor, was a passenger on the steamer Carolina which sailed today for New York. He will make an appeal to the United States Congress in behalf of the citizenship bill.

NEW SCHOOL FOR NEGROES

Congress Donates Portion of Marine
Hospital Property to County
Board of Education for Wil-
liston School.

Washington, July 3.—After a lengthy and at times acrimonious debate, the House today passed a bill conveying to the board of education of New Hanover county, North Carolina, 34 acres of land in the city of Wilmington for the erection of an industrial school for negroes.

The negro question was injected into the debate and Representative Fowler, of Illinois, precipitated a heated discussion by charging that even in the North negroes were discriminated against in the universities and colleges. His declaration was challenged by Representatives Burke and Moore, of Pennsylvania, Republicans; Minority Leader Mann, and others.

Mr. Mann protested against the measure on the ground that it transferred without return to the government a valuable property to a State. He later withdrew his objection and the bill was passed. The measure already was passed the Senate and it is believed that President Taft will sign it when he returns from Beverly, Mass.

The information contained in the foregoing Associated Press dispatch to The Star last night was communicated to several leaders in the cause of education in New Hanover county, and they expressed great pleasure at the success of the movement to secure a large portion of the United States Marine Hospital grounds for the erection of a handsome brick school building to take the place of the Williston school, on Seventh, between Ann and Nun streets. It has been the idea of members of the County Board of Education to sell the property on which the Williston school is located and use the money for the erection of a building on the property given by the government. If the bill donating the property is signed by President Taft by the 15th of this month, it is believed that arrangements can be made to erect the new building right away, and have it ready for service by the time of the opening of the Fall session. The Williston property will be placed on the market just as soon as the bill is signed. Members of the board have already settled in their minds upon a general plan for the building, and it will not take an architect long to get his drawings ready for the contractors. Later it is the purpose to improve the grounds, probably laying out parks, etc. The Board of Education will hold a special meeting next Monday afternoon and it is likely that at this time steps will be taken toward carrying out the plans of the body with regard to the Williston school.

The bill providing for the donation of the property to the city was introduced and advocated in the Senate by Senator F. M. Simmons, to whom is due largely the success of the measure. Senator Simmons has been very much interested in the proposition ever since it was first suggested to him some time ago, and he has worked unceasingly for it.

SEMI-FINALS TODAY.

In Southern Tennis Association Cham-
pionship at Atlanta.

Atlanta, Ga., July 3.—Semi-finals in men's doubles and ladies' singles in the Southern Tennis Association championship tournament at East Lake will be played tomorrow. In the former Thornton and Smith, of Atlanta, and Rodgers and Cowan, of Knoxville, will be matched, while in the latter Mrs. Taylor, of Atlanta, meets Mrs. Seymour, of Nashville, and Mrs. Perry, of Greenville, meets Miss Sturgeon, of Atlanta.

An interesting match tomorrow will be between Cy. Smith, winner of the Tennessee State tournament, and Nat. Thornton, winner of the South Atlantic tournament in the fourth round of the present tourney. Those two men are ruling as favorites for the championship of the South.

Only four matches in men's singles were played today, the men's doubles, ladies' singles and consolation singles occupying the courts.

TRAIN STRIKES AUTO.

One Woman Killed and Two Seriously
Injured.

Camden, N. J., July 3.—Miss Adams was killed, Miss Fannie Wisman and Mrs. Emma Adams were dangerously injured and Edward Stokes, father of former Governor Stokes, was badly bruised when an automobile in which they were riding was struck by a train on the electric railroad at Atlanta tonight. The accident occurred at a bend in the road, and the occupants of the automobile did not see the rapidly approaching train until it was too late to avoid the accident.

The automobile was thrown nearly one hundred feet and reduced to splinters. Miss Adams died while being brought to a hospital here. There is little hope for the recovery of either Miss Wisman or Mrs. Adams.

Washington, July 3.—A broken 80-pound Bessemer steel rail, primarily defective and seriously seamed and split, was found to have been the cause of an accident on the Great Northern Railroad near Sharon, N. D., on December 30th last, which resulted in the killing of five persons and the injury of 18 others. H. W. Belnap, chief inspector of safety appliances of the Interstate Commerce Commission, investigated the accident.

LITTLE CHANGE IN PREVAILING ODDS

Betting on Johnson-Flynn
Fight Today Favors the
Negro Champion.

THE WOLGAST-RIVERS BOUT

Lightweight Champion Will Fight First
Important Battle Since Stricken
With Appendicitis—Odds 10
To 6 on Him

East Las Vegas, N. M., July 3.—A just-before-the-battle spirit became evident about Las Vegas today, several trains bringing in companies of sport followers. The streets were well filled by evening and a solid jam of the curious idled away the hours about Promoter Jack Curley's office which was decorated with a big sign: "Johnson-Flynn fight headquarters."

Another group lounged about the betting commissioner's board across the square. Little change in the prevailing odds, 2 to 1 on Johnson to win, was recorded, although a variety of freak bets were offered.

These dealt for the most part with knock downs. Several offers at long odds that Flynn would not knock Johnson down at all during the fight were posted, but they did not seem to be popular. No notices of "taken" followed the propositions.

The regular betting on the board is headed by the inscription:

"\$10,000 to \$5,000 Johnson wins."

This is said to be the champion's own opinion of the probabilities tomorrow, backed by his own money.

Johnson added another chapter to his declaration of confidence today, according to his own statement, by telegraphing \$5,000 to San Francisco to be placed on himself to win in 15 rounds.

The fighters devoted the day to the usual relaxation in preparation for the time when they will enter the ring at 2 o'clock tomorrow. Flynn was not in evidence about town, his quarters being located six miles away.

Wolgaist in Fine Shape
Los Angeles, Cal., July 3.—With a skin several degrees browner than nature gave him, the effect of weeks of outdoor work in the mountains and on the roads, Ad. Wolgaist, champion lightweight of the world, showed today that he is in the prime of physical condition and ready to defend his title when he meets Joe Rivers in the Vernon Arena at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon in a scheduled 20-round battle.

Rivers, too, was in superb form and declared he would sleep tonight like a baby, confident that tomorrow night he would go to bed the world's lightweight champion.

Wolgaist asserted he had no fear of the outcome of this, his first battle of consequence since he was stricken with appendicitis last Fall. His confidence seemed to be shared by a large number of admirers, who eagerly put down bets, not only that he would win, but in less than 20 rounds.

Betting was brisk today with Wolgaist the public choice at 10 to 6. Earlier the odds were 2 to 1 and several larger bets were placed at these figures.

SHOE TRUST DECISION

Owners of Patents Included in Sher-
man Law

Boston, Mass., July 3.—Owners of patents as well as owners of oil who monopolize inter-State commerce by combinations with others are included in the application of the Sherman anti-trust act, according to an opinion of the full bench of the Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court handed down today in a suit involving the United Shoe Machinery Company. The decision, written by Chief Justice Rugg, finds that while the question of whether the United Shoe Machinery Company is "an illegal combination in restraint of trade and has monopolized trade and commerce between the several States" must be governed ultimately by decision of the United States Supreme Court, no word or phrase in the Sherman anti-trust act reveals an intent to exempt the owners of patents from its sweeping provisions against monopolistic combinations.

The opinion of the Massachusetts court relates to a suit brought by the United States Shoe Machinery Company to compel Euclid I. Chapelle to transfer certain patents under a contract of employment made by Chapelle with the company.

THIRD PARTY LAUNCHED.

Progressive Republicans of Indiana
Organize at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 3.—A third political party was launched in Indiana late today when Progressive Republicans, called from all over the State by Edwin M. Lee, former Republican State chairman, adopted resolutions condemning the Chicago convention and declaring they would not abide by its results. Provision was made for tickets in every county as well as a State ticket. During the speeches Theodore Roosevelt's name frequently brought forth cheers.

The National conference of Progressives will be invited to meet in Indianapolis.

THE STATE BAR ASSOCIATION

Opening Session at Atlantic Hotel.
Morehead City, Last Night—
President's Annual Address
And Other Features

(Special Star Telegram.)

Atlantic Hotel, Morehead City, N. C., July 3.—There were three scheduled features on the programme for tonight's initial session of the State Bar Association but the bare recital of these features would leave untold the wealth of interest attached to their presentation and reception by the 200-odd attorneys here.

The scheduled features were the address of welcome, the response and the president's annual address superficially a quite usual sort of programme, but there were unusual incidents in connection therewith.

For instance, for the first time in the 14 years of its history, the Bar Association was opened by prayer. The prayer was delivered by Rev. Dr. Husko of Newbern.

Hallett Ward delivered one of his characteristic orations as an address of welcome, the response and the president's annual address superficially a quite usual sort of programme, but there were unusual incidents in connection therewith.

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ROW BREAKS OUT IN U. S. TREASURY

Resignation of Assistant Sec-
retary Andrew Creates
Sensation.

CHARGES AGAINST MACVEAGH

Andrew Writes Taft and Tells Him De-
partment Has Been Greatly Ham-
pered by the Secretary's
Idiosyncracies.

Washington, July 3.—A row in the United States Treasury Department of more than a year's standing between Secretary MacVeagh and Assistant Secretary A. Platt Andrew culminated today in Andrew's resignation and a proposal for a Congressional investigation of Secretary MacVeagh's administration.

Representative Cox, of Ohio, presented a resolution for such an investigation to the House after he had read Mr. Andrew's letter of resignation to President Taft.

Andrew's letter to the President created a profound sensation. He declared that energetic young men in the Treasury had been "hampered and discouraged at every turn by Secretary MacVeagh's idiosyncracies, his astounding capacity for procrastination, his incapacity for decision and the peculiar moods of suspicion and aversion to which he is constantly subject."

Andrew also informed President Taft that Lawrence O. Murray, Comptroller of the Currency, Lee McClung, Treasurer of the United States, and other high officials of the Treasury were practically unable to transact the business of their offices because of Secretary MacVeagh's moods, which Andrew said "would seem inexplicable in a man of normal mind."

In a long letter to the President, Andrew stated that his predecessor, Charles D. Norton, later secretary to President Taft, and Charles D. Hilles, who also left the Treasury to go to the White House, were compelled to submit to the same conditions under Secretary MacVeagh as were imposed upon him, and says Mr. MacVeagh for weeks at a time would have no relations whatever with his assistants, while government business was delayed. Andrew wrote the President that conduct of the public business under such conditions was impossible and that the Treasury's business was practically at a standstill.

Mr. Andrew's letter discloses the hitherto unpublished fact that "Mr. MacVeagh was on the verge of leaving the cabinet in December, 1910."

In one part of the letter he says: "You can see how I stood by you when you were on the point of having taken from your hands what was probably the most important undertaking of your administration. When the White House, in December, 1910, without consulting you, advised you to resign, I stood by you. I entered into negotiations for an issue of Panama bonds, the embarrassment of the situation threatened to force your resignation. You will remember that I did everything in my power to avert your humiliation and that I loyally agreed to resign and leave the service with you if your resignation became necessary."

While relations between Andrew and his chief have been strained more than a year, it is said they reached the breaking point two weeks ago when Andrew went to the Chicago convention, in spite of the secretary's opposition. When he returned, it became known that either Mr. MacVeagh would leave the cabinet or Mr. Andrew would leave the Treasury.

Senators Crane, Lodge and Smoot talked with the President about the situation and an effort was made to have Andrew retained for an issue of Panama bonds, the embarrassment of the situation threatened to force your resignation. You will remember that I did everything in my power to avert your humiliation and that I loyally agreed to resign and leave the service with you if your resignation became necessary."

The Cox resolution was referred to the Committee on Rules. Representative Cox says that he will press it for immediate passage. The committee which he wishes to investigate the department would be headed by Representative Cox, of Indiana.

The author of the resolution had this to say about it: "If half of what Mr. Andrew says be true then the state of things in the Treasury Department has developed into a positive state of chaos, confusion and strife, which has overwhelmed the affairs of the administration as the result of the upheaval in the Republican party of the Nation. If public business is at a standstill we should not only know it, but we should reveal the cause."

Some of the officials who were named by Mr. Andrew in his letter as being dissatisfied with conditions in the Treasury, denied it, while others were silent.

Director Ralph, of the Bureau of Printing and Engraving, simply said his relations with Mr. MacVeagh were "all right." Treasurer McClung did not want to discuss it, but Commissioner Royal E. Cabell, of the Internal Revenue Bureau, dissented vigorously from Andrew's statement and declared his relations with Mr. MacVeagh were all he could wish.

TWO DROWN IN LUMBER RIVER

Distressing Tragedy Occurs at Lum-
berton—William Linkhaw and
Harold Jones, Young Boys,
Lose Their Lives

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lumberton, N. C., July 3.—One of the most distressing tragedies in the history of Lumberton occurred this morning, shortly before 10 o'clock, when William Linkhaw, aged 12, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Linkhaw, and Harold Jones, aged 10, son of Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Jones, Jr., members of prominent Robeson county families, were drowned in Lumber river, just below town.

Only boys about their own ages witnessed the drowning and different versions as to how it occurred are given. One version and probably the most correct is that young Jones who could not swim, went too far out and when he called for help, Linkhaw, said to have been an expert swimmer, hastened to his assistance. Upon reaching him they went down together.

The other boys quickly gave the alarm and soon an immense crowd had gathered at the scene.

Several divers engaged in the search for the bodies which were recovered in a short time in about 15 feet of water.

Physicians were promptly on hand, using all efforts known to resuscitate the boys but all in vain.

The two families reside just across the street from each other and the scenes of grief that were witnessed as the remains were carried to their respective homes are beyond description.

The boys were swimming in the river about 50 yards from McAllister's Mill. Young Jones, who could not swim, had waded out into the river. Young Linkhaw was swimming some distance out and hearing his companion's cries, he heroically came to his rescue. The Jones boy had gone down once and when he came up a second time the Linkhaw boy caught hold of him, but in his desperation young Jones grasped his companion around the neck and both went down. The boys came up once more about two feet apart, but both were too exhausted to be able to get out.

James Pope, an eye witness to the drowning, said that Jones had merely waded into the river and Linkhaw swam out some distance. When the Jones boy reached about his depth in water, he seemed to fall over and when he shouted and Linkhaw came to his assistance they seemed to clench and both to go under. Alfred Pedneau was another eye witness and told practically the same story. The bodies were recovered by Messrs. Marvin and James Baker. Young Linkhaw's heroism is spoken of in the highest terms.

SKETCH OF GEN. HOKE

Will Be Buried in Raleigh on Friday
Morning—His Career

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 3.—General Robert Frederick Hoke, of this city, who died today at his Summer home at Lincolnton, was the ranking surviving officer of the Confederacy and his career, military and civic, was a most honorable one. He was born at Lincolnton in May, 1837; a member of a family distinguished in colonial and revolutionary periods and prominent in the industrial development of the State. He was educated at Kentucky Military Academy, Frankfort, but left school at 17 years of age to take charge of the business interests of his widowed mother. He entered the army in 1861 as second lieutenant of Company C, 34th North Carolina Regiment. He won special commendation from Gen. D. H. Hill early in his service and rapidly advanced to the rank of major and lieutenant colonel of his regiment. He was prominent in the fighting around Richmond and after brilliant service at Fredericksburg, President Davis telegraphed him promotion to brigadier general and he was sent for a special campaign in Eastern Carolina that he conducted in such a way as to win new laurels as a military officer. He surrendered at High Point at the close of the war, bidding his men go to their homes and teach their children that the proud day in their lives was that on which they enlisted as Southern soldiers. After the war Gen. Hoke won success in his industrial undertakings, engaging especially in mining at Cranberry and elsewhere and in the development of real estate and railroad construction. He married in 1868 Miss Lydia A. VanWyck and she and four children survive. The children are Dr. Michael Hoke, of Atlanta; Mr. VanWyck Hoke, of Lincolnton; Mrs. W. D. Pollock, of Winston; and Mrs. Alexander Webb, of Raleigh.

The funeral of General Hoke will take place from the Church of the Good Shepherd, this city, Friday morning at 11 o'clock.

Cincinnati, July 3.—Packey McFarland, of Chicago, knocked out Eddie Randall, of St. Louis, in the third round of a scheduled 10-round boxing contest at Hippodrome Park here tonight. McFarland far outclassed the St. Louis boy.

WILMINGTON IN 1913

Asheville, N. C., July 4.—The State Association of Rural Letter Carriers early this morning decided on Wilmington as the place for the next annual meeting of the convention. E. D. P.

PLANS DEPEND ON T. R.'S THIRD PARTY

Democratic Committeemen
Want to See What Roose-
velt Will Do.

THOUSANDS CALL ON WILSON

Democratic Nominee is Besieged With
Visitors—History of Telegram
To Bryan—Wilson Stuck to
His Friends

Sea Girt, N. J., July 3.—Upon the visit here tomorrow of the National Committee awaits the planning of the Democratic campaign. Until the committee's arrival Governor Wilson will say no word of the form which he expects the line of battle to take.

The committee will visit the nominee in a body at his Summer home. It is expected here at 2 P. M. and after luncheon under the trees of the Governor's lawn, will meet in conference with him. At this meeting the Governor expects to discuss with the committee three things, namely: The platform.

The chairman of the committee, the campaign trip or trips. Governor Wilson made it clear tonight that his "mind was open" on the chairmanship. He had made no selection, he said, nor would he choose the man until after the conference.

As to the campaign trips, the Governor has strong personal leanings to remain at home. He said tonight he wished that he would not have to stir from Sea Girt. He fears his counselors tomorrow will advise a long tour, and if they can show him how it

SPORTING EVENTS

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.
At New York, 2; Brooklyn, 1.
Second—New York, 10; Brooklyn, 9.
At Boston, 5; Philadelphia, 8.

Club	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New York	37	27	.578
Pittsburgh	37	27	.578
Chicago	36	28	.561
Cincinnati	33	32	.507
Brooklyn	24	40	.373
St. Louis	27	43	.389
Philadelphia	25	45	.357
Boston	20	49	.290

Boston, July 3.—Philadelphia hit Hess hard in the seventh and eighth innings today and rebounded out a victory over Boston 8 to 5.
Boston.....310 000 010—5 11 4
Philadelphia.....001 000 430—8 15 2
Hess, White and Rariden; Curtis, Chalmers, Shultz and Doolin; time 1:55; umpires Eason and Johnstone.
New York, July 3.—New York stretched its winning streak to 16 consecutive victories by taking a double-header from Brooklyn today. In the first game Marquard made a new major league record in winning his 19th straight game of the season. He was outpitched by Rucker, but proved strong in the pinches. New York won the second game in the ninth inning when a short passed ball enabled Shaffer to score.
Brooklyn.....001 000 000—1 9 2
New York.....000 100 10X—2 4 3
Rucker and Miller; Marquard and Meyers; time 1:56; umpires Brennan and Emsale.
Second game:
Brooklyn.....103 101 300—9 17 4
New York.....310 013 02X—10 9 2
Knetzer, Kent and Erwin; Wilcox, Mathewson, Ames, Tesreau and Meyers; time 2:35.

American Association.
At Columbus 1; Indianapolis 2.
At Minneapolis 2; Kansas City 4.
At Louisville 2; Toledo 1.
At St. Paul 6; Milwaukee 7; (10 innings).

Southern League.
At Chattanooga 1; Birmingham 4. (10 innings).
At Atlanta 1; Mobile 5.
At Memphis 4; New Orleans 1.
At Nashville 6; Montgomery 9.

South Atlantic League.
At Macon 6; Jacksonville 0.
At Savannah 6; Columbus 1.
At Columbia 5; Albany 4.

International League.
At Baltimore 4; Providence 6.
At Toronto 6; Rochester 9.
Second: Rochester 5; Toronto 1.
At Jersey City 1; Newark 3.
At Montreal 2; Buffalo 2. (Nine innings, rain).

Appalachian League.
At Johnson City-Bristol, rain.
At Morristown 7; Asheville 1.
At Knoxville 2; Cleveland 1.

Virginia League.
At Portsmouth 9; Newport News 2.
At Roanoke 2; Richmond 3.
At Petersburg 1; Norfolk 0.

LAYING FOUNDATION.

Roosevelt Lieutenants Confer About New Party Movement.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 3.—With the Democratic National ticket in the field Colonel Roosevelt and a group of his lieutenants today took up the work of laying the foundation upon which they hope to build a new party. Since the birth of the party in Chicago little has been done, as Colonel Roosevelt said he felt it necessary to await the outcome at Baltimore. The situation in the light of the nomination of Woodrow Wilson was discussed at a conference at Sagamore Hill, which was attended by Senator Dixon, of Montana; William Flinn, of Pittsburgh; George W. Perkins and Frank A. Munsey, of New York; and E. A. Van Vadenberg, of Philadelphia.

The presence of these men at Sagamore Hill gave rise to reports that the third party movement had suffered a serious setback as a result of the selection of candidates by the Democratic convention and that some of Colonel Roosevelt's leaders were in favor of abandoning the fight. Colonel Roosevelt denied this emphatically.

"There was no thought of abandoning the fight," said he. "These men simply came to take over the situation with me and to discuss details of the call for the National convention."
The statement of Governor Osborn, of Michigan, one of the seven Governors who asked Colonel Roosevelt to become a candidate for the Republican nomination, that in his opinion no third party was now necessary, was cited to the colonel as one reason for the reports that all was not going well with the movement.

"Governor Osborn has said about the same thing before," he said. "I did not expect to have his support. We are going to have some losses of this sort. Governor Hadley came out for Taft, Governor Osborn for Wilson. Our plans will not be affected."

CHEMICAL BILL DEFEATED

Senate Sits Down on House Tariff Measure.
Washington, July 3.—The House Chemical tariff revision bill amended to place dyes used in coloring cheaper cotton goods on the free list was defeated in the Senate today 30 to 32. The bill would have reduced the rate on many articles in the present chemical schedule by about 25 per cent, and would have transferred others, including pepper, cinnamon, cloves, licorice and balsam from the free list to the dutiable.

The Chemical bill is the second of the tariff revision measures to be acted upon by the Senate this session, the other, the iron and steel bill, being now up in conference over the Senate amendments.

Today's vote was on party lines, Senator Poindexter, of Washington, a progressive, being the only Republican who voted for the bill. No Democrat voted against it. The only serious contest was on an amendment proposing to reduce the 25 per cent ad valorem duty on varnishes in the House bill to 15 per cent. That amendment was defeated on a tie vote of 29 to 29.

The Senate's action, unless something unexpected develops, ends the efforts of the Democratic House to revise the chemical schedule at this session.

THE BALTIMORE CONVENTION

Wilmingtonian Talks Interestingly of Great Gathering in Monumental City—Will Never Be Another Like It—Crowds

"Not in half a century has there been a Democratic convention like the one just held in Baltimore, and it is highly improbable that there will be another like it in the next fifty years," said W. P. M. Turner, of this city, who returned to the city after the final struggle in the Monumental City.

"Even if there are warm contests for the nomination in the future," said Mr. Turner, "certain changes will be made that will prevent a convention from being anything like similar to those in the past. In the first place, the primary is going to work a wonderful change and even this year primaries were held in many States and under the resolution adopted by the convention the unit rule cannot apply where there is a legalized primary. In States where there is no primary law the unit rule can still be applied, as was shown in a number of instances in the Baltimore convention and had much to do with tying up a nomination. Sentiment in all probability will cause this old custom to be disregarded and allow delegates to vote as they may desire. And again, there is a growing sentiment against holding conventions where thousands of outsiders can attend. One night more than three hours were consumed in cheering and marching over the hall with banners. There was not a day when an hour or more was not lost in just such foolish manner. When Monday afternoon the banner bearing an eulogy of Clark by Bryan in 1910 was carried by some half dozen Missourians and placed over the Nebraska delegation there came near being serious trouble and a number of blue coats had to quell the disorder. It caused Chairman O'Leary to rule that if another banner of any description was brought in the hall he would order the immediate arrest of the person or persons bearing it. This ended the bringing in of banners and had much to do with stopping the yells that the raising of a flag or placard of any description always brought forth."

"In one thing the Baltimore convention will stand out as more unusual than in any other—the wonderful power of William Jennings Bryan. Although there was every indication that if it had been a personal matter he could not have secured a majority of the convention, as was indicated on the chairmanship vote. No man who attended all of the proceedings can say that Bryan did not dominate the convention, and with a personal following of at least one-third of the convention, if not more, was able to dictate who should be the nominee of the Democratic party. At first Clark supporters and Wilson backers both claimed Bryan as being favorable to their candidate, and during all of the fight for delegates he had so managed that no one could say which he preferred. But when he finally voted for Woodrow Wilson, giving as his reason for taking sides that inasmuch as New York had voted for Clark he would vote for Wilson but reserved the right to change his vote from that ballot Clark began to lose and never again did he have a chance to be nominated for the Presidency. Bryan could have nominated Clark, if he wanted to, he could have nominated Underwood. His power over the convention was wonderful. It was not only the generalship of Bryan that gave him such power but it was also the fact that many feared that unless the convention did as Bryan desired he would leave the party and thus make hopeless Democratic success in November. So he ruled both by reason of his personal influence and fear of his not supporting the candidate if some one he opposed was nominated."

"Some way Bryan did not seem able to enthrall his hearers as in the days of old but he accomplished just as much by his generalship. As a general on the field of battle is constantly receiving couriers bringing tidings from first one point and then another, so it was with the great Nebraskan. He was in constant touch with delegations from the majority of the States and knew just what those delegations were friendly to him expected to do. This put him in a position of wonderful power. And any person that thinks Bryan is dead throughout the West has another thing coming. At no time since 1896 has been so powerful west of the Mississippi and even the eastern States since they have seen Roosevelt purloin so many of the planks from his platform and use them in his campaign as well as the one just ended, have given regard to Bryan differently. They all regard him as a powerful intellect and with tremendous political power. His great fault seems to be his desire to dictate as to every detail and make no compromise with those opposing him, no matter how slight it may be."

"When other speakers would address the convention there was interest displayed in only a slight degree but no sooner did Bryan rise from his seat with the Nebraska delegation than there was a mighty roar throughout the vast building as the thousands rose to their feet to see him and members of the press jumped to the top of the tables in front of them. While his speeches were not of a nature to sway the convention with enthusiasm his words always had meaning and the vast crowd knew that when he spoke it would play a part and a material part in the affairs of that convention. Not a speaker mounted the platform whose face had in it the power that Bryan's had."

"The general opinion was that Bryan preferred some candidate other than those in the field but of those running he undoubtedly picked the man he would have in all probability chosen regardless of how New York or any other State voted. His real preference was Kern, of Indiana. With Kern President Bryan knew his theories would be carried out and in all but name he (Bryan) would be the real head of the nation."

"While there was some evidence of bitterness towards the close on the part of the Clark supporters, it was evidently due more to the worn-out condition of the delegates than any real feeling. Wilson won the popular choice of a majority of the convention from the first although scores of

delegates who would have gladly voted for him were so bound by instructions to Clark that they could not break away. To a close observer it was clear soon after the halting began that a considerable part of Clark's strength was fictitious and ready to leave him at the first opportunity but in different instances delegations had not been only instructed but it was provided they could not change until two-thirds voted to change and the Clark people could generally keep one-third in line. In point of ability Wilson is regarded as head and shoulders above Clark."

"The best speech made in the convention was by Newton D. Baker, the young mayor of Cleveland, Ohio. He spoke against applying the unit rule in Ohio and if he had not belonged to the very extreme progressive wing of the party he would have in all probability been nominated for Vice President. His name was seriously considered."

"As with the Republican convention in Chicago, Bryan reported the Baltimore convention for a number of newspapers, a syndicate having been formed. It was stated in Baltimore that for this work he received about \$1,000 per day. He is now said to be worth in the neighborhood of \$800,000 and all made by writing, lecturing and on his paper, The Commoner."

"There were times when the doors of the convention hall were closed and delegates could not get in; when United States Senators and Congressmen, even though they had tickets, were not admitted. But a little bronze badge with the magic word 'Press' was an open sesame at all times to any door of the hall. Not only could members of the working press gain admission to the press section but they were allowed everywhere and anywhere in the hall."

"The crowd in Baltimore was nothing like as large as expected. Many thought there would be 100,000 visitors while conservative estimates placed the number there at between 20,000 and 25,000. But the smallness of the crowd did not prevent the hotels from charging. They probably thought that inasmuch as there was not so many people the difference could be made out of those who did attend and proceeded to pile on. It can be said to the credit of the restaurants and cafes not connected with hotels that prices were not raised."

"Crowds on the streets were remarkably well behaved and but little drunkenness was seen. One thing that struck many as being unusual was that on Sunday all restaurants and cafes not connected with hotels were closed."

"North Carolina's delegation had headquarters at the Emerson Hotel and quite a number of the delegates stopped there while many were at Lexington. The majority of the delegates stuck it out to the end and while pretty well worn out by the end of last week appeared to be enjoying the convention very much. There were fewer delegates in the convention than North Carolina and no matter what the occasion did not go wild like many others and from its position the banner marking position of the delegation in the hall. It was a great stunt of the Clark followers to tear the banners from their fastenings and march around the hall. While the North Carolina delegation could not agree on all points according to a statement there was unanimity in one thing, that never before had they seen as many beautiful women as they saw in the city of Baltimore."

Washington, D. C., July 2.—The names of 12 navy officers selected by the "plucking board" for involuntary retirement were made public today at the Navy Department. There are three captains, four commanders and five lieutenant commanders in the list.

Lumina Today
Athletic events at 3:00 P.M. Souvenir dance tonight.

..Theatrical..

Today is the glorious Fourth and the Grand Theatre is making arrangements to handle the very large crowds that are sure to throng the pretty and delightfully cool and pleasant theatre for this big holiday occasion. In addition to a special programme of pictures the orchestra will put on an extra touch and the ventilation of the house will be carefully looked after in "Pansy." Is the story of a bear, an original and delightful comedy full of amusing situations, written by K. D. Langley from Ralph Rose's story of the same title. It is a Selig film and it shows that in order to attract custom to his mountain resort, Old Man Heber buys a tame bear whose tracks in the woods enable him to advertise bear hunting as a sport. Simon B. Hanamaker, a politician, comes to the resort and surprises Heber's pretty daughter petting the young Bruin. They agree on a clever hoax to help Hanamaker in his political fight and how it is engineered makes an altogether interesting little story.

"The Penalty of Intemperance" teaches a strong moral lesson and is a kaleid vividly portrayed. John comes home intoxicated and his brutal actions compel Kate to seek protection of the law. He is arrested for cruelty and neglect and is sent to the island. His family becomes destitute, the young girl is sent to a charitable home and Kate and the baby go to a hospital on the island. Two months later John is released from prison and his reformation is accomplished. It is a wonderful picture and should attract a large audience at each performance.

At the New Bijou.
In order to enjoy a Sane Fourth and at the same time have a glorious one, go to the New Bijou today and be certain to take the "kiddies." It will not only keep them out of harm's way but it will allow them to have a happy, a big celebration of the day. The New Bijou has prepared a regulation holiday bill for today, and everything will be most festive at Wilmington's favorite amusement spot. There will, of course, be open houses both afternoon and night, and, judging by the past, the theatre will be jammed. This will be the first Fourth of the remodelled, rejuvenated Bijou and for that reason alone it is going to be of special interest and will therefore act as a stronger magnet. Every film today will be a star, while the musical numbers will be all new and of the latest Broadway type. There will be three reels of new films, besides the music, which will furnish a huge show, and all for the tiny price of 5 cents. The Bijou never raises its price of admission no matter how large a programme is presented and no matter if it is a holiday occasion.

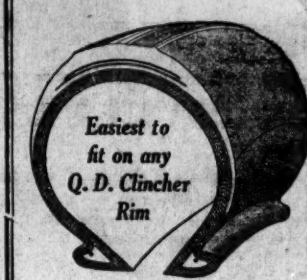
One of the film toppers for today is "The Bandit's Mask," and it is a heart-grIPPING story of a bandit who holds up the paymaster of a ranch. The principal role in this thrilling story of moonlight and mystery is played by the eminent young actor, Mr. Thos. Santschi, whose face is a well known one to Bijou devotees. He is considered the star of the big Selig company.

Another big film triumph for today and one of decidedly novel character, is "A Modern Portia," being a story brought up to the times from "The Merchant of Venice." It is a great film. It should be seen by all.

Mount Kisco, N. Y., July 2.—Richard Harding Davis, the novelist, and Bessie McCoy, the actress, are to be married on July 5, according to a statement made by Mr. Davis at his home here. Mr. Davis's first wife obtained a divorce from him in Chicago last month.

Lumina Today
Athletic events at 3:00 P.M. Souvenir dance tonight.

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Just as superior to other tires
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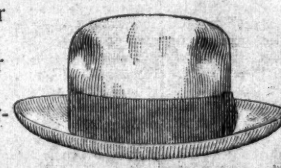
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IS YOUR HAT IN THE RING?

It will be if you buy it from us. We have the finest and biggest line of High Grade Hats at moderate prices, and several different shapes to select from. If you do not care for a felt hat, we have a nice line of straw hats in soft and stiff Sailors and Panamas.

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Wood's Mowing Machines

WIRE FENCING, NAILS, ETC.

We are unloading and distributing today the above in three States—North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia: Twenty-Four Mowing Machines, Twelve Hay Racks, Twenty-Seven Hundred Pounds of Repairs, Four Hundred Rods of Wire Fencing. Very fair one-day's shipment—don't you think so?

We are doing the Business—and don't you forget it.

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Purcell Building.

Wilmington, N. C.



The New Perfection Oil Cook-stove Suits Everybody

It suits the most exacting French chef. It suits the housewife. It is found in luxurious villas—in camps—in farms—in humble city homes. Everybody uses it; everybody likes it. It is the all-round stove for all the year round. It bakes, broils, roasts and toasts as well as a coal range. It is equipped with a special heating plate, and we sell the New Perfection oven, broiler, toaster, and pancake griddle—each specially designed for use with the

New Perfection Oil Cook-stove

All dealers sell the stove. It is handsomely finished in nickel, with cabinet top, drop shelves, towel racks, etc. Long chimneys, enameled turquoise-blue. Made with 1, 2 or 3 burners.

Free Cook-Book with every stove.

Cook-Book also given to anyone sending 5 cents to cover mailing cost.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
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Lumina Today
Athletic events at 3:00 P.M. Souvenir dance tonight.

THE ATLANTIC INN

Convenient to the Traveling Public.
LARGE ROOMS & GOOD
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We Carry a Full Line

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HACKNEY WAGONS
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Business will be carefully attended to, when transacted through this bank.

The Southern National Bank
Wilmington, N. C.

THE RURAL LETTER CARRIERS

State Association Meets in Asheville, N. C.—Good Roads Subject of Interesting Discussion—Invitations for Next Year.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Asheville, N. C., July 3.—The convention of the North Carolina Rural Letter Carriers' Association met at the Langren Hotel, this morning for a two-days' session. There was a good attendance, members from all over the State being present and all the officials in attendance. Judged from the morning session there is promise of great good being done. The most of the session was given to the discussion of good roads, and the remarks showed that the rural carriers are alive to the importance of good roads as much as any other class of people.

The convention was called to order by the president, C. H. Howard, at 10 o'clock and devotional exercises followed by Rev. L. D. Cross, of Asheville. R. M. Wells delivered the address of welcome in the absence of Hon. Locke Craig, who was on the programme for this. N. Buckner next delivered an address of welcome. J. D. Gold, of Wilson, made the response. The roll call of officers followed and all were present. The following counties were represented: Albemarle, Buncombe, Cumberland, Forsyth, Stokes, Gastonia, Granville, Warren, Halifax, Guilford, Iredell, Lincoln, Lee, Moore, McDowell, Nash, Wilson, Edgecomb, Randolph, Robeson, Stanley, Rowan, Union, Anson and Wake.

The minutes of the meeting were read and approved and then the committees were appointed. Credentials: J. A. Lowe, Dan Sharp, Herbert Lyons. Resolutions: W. J. Yarberry, E. D. Pearsall, T. V. Howell, C. A. Monday was appointed sergeant-at-arms. The address of R. C. Chambers on "Good Roads" was then delivered. He entered into the details of road making and the necessity of keeping them in repair. He was followed by several who discussed the question. Postoffice Inspector Conway said that the people should be educated in the respect and then the government would make appropriations.

J. Hampton Rich spoke of the influence the rural carriers could have on the question. T. V. Howell, vice president of the rural carriers' good road association, then made a trip over Buncombe roads and declared that if such roads can be built in the mountains, they can be built in any part of the State.

J. M. Hayes said that his county, Albemarle, had spent \$200,000 on roads recently and spoke of the necessity of having a fund to keep the roads in repair.

John M. Gold, of Wilson, was of the opinion that the carriers should be in touch with the newspapers on this question. H. King, of Cumberland, made a short, weighty talk and said that his county had constructed some sand-clay roads with convict labor. J. P. Seawell, of Montgomery, thought that before Federal aid could be obtained the counties would have to show some interest in road building. It was ordered that Inspector Conway, T. V. Howell, A. C. Crouch, H. King, J. W. Brooks and A. Pittman be appointed as committee to draw the resolutions on the subject of good roads.

A telegram was read from Postmaster Briggs, of Raleigh, extending invitation to the convention to hold the next meeting in that city and also one from the Raleigh Chamber of Commerce. After P. D. Gold had extended an invitation for the association to meet in Wilson next year, adjournment was taken until this afternoon.

WILL SUPPORT WILSON.

Clark Attributes His Defeat to William Jennings Bryan. Washington, July 2.—On his return to Washington from Baltimore tonight Speaker Clark issued the following statement:

"No set of men ever made a better or braver fight for any man in this world than my friends all over the country made for me. They have my heartfelt thanks. We never had money enough even to pay for an adequate supply of postage stamps and literature. I was tied down here by my duties of the Speakership. I could, therefore, aid my friends very little. They made the fight, gave me 200,000 majority in the States where Governor Wilson and I competed in the primaries and enabled me to lead on 30 ballots in the convention in nine of which I had a clear majority. Nevertheless, the nomination was bestowed upon Governor Wilson.

"I never scratched a Democratic ticket or bolted a Democratic nominee in my life. I shall not change the Democratic habit now. I am too seasoned a soldier not to accept cheerfully the fortunes of war.

"I will support Governor Wilson with whatever power I possess and hope he will be elected.

"I lost the nomination solely through the vile and malicious slanders of Col. William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska. True, these slanders were by innuendo and insinuation, but they were no less deadly for that reason.

(Signed) "CHAMP CLARK."

Mail Carriers Will Fly. This is an age of great discoveries. Progress rides on the air. Soon we may see Uncle Sam's mail carriers flying in all directions, transporting mail. People take a wonderful interest in a discovery that benefits them. That's why Dr. King's New Discovery for coughs, colds and other throat and lung diseases is the most popular medicine in America. "It cured me of a dreadful cough," writes Mrs. J. F. Davis, Stickney Corner, Me. "After doctor's treatment and all other remedies had failed." For coughs, colds or any bronchial affection it's unequalled. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at R. R. Bellamy.

NOTICE.

Freight Service on Suburban Line Today.

Today being a holiday the suburban freight car will make two trips only: 5:45 A. M. and 10 A. M. There will be no afternoon freight service today.

Lumina Today. Athletic events at 3:00 P. M. Souvenir dance tonight.

DEATH RATE IN MINES

High Tide Reached and Passed, According to Experts

(Special Star Correspondent.) Washington, July 2.—That the high tide in the terrible death rate in America coal mines has been reached and passed is the confident belief of the officials of the United States Bureau of Mines.

Figures issued today by the Bureau show that 2,517 men were killed in the mines last year as against 2,834 for 1910. This shows a reduction in the number of lives lost of 317 in one year's time. The death rate in 1910 was 3.91 men in every 1,000 employed. The rate in 1911 was 3.74.

Compared with 1907, the darkest year in the history of American mining, when 3,197 men lost their lives, 1911 shows a decrease of 680 in the number of men killed. It was following the record of this year that Congress authorized the government to begin investigations looking toward a reduction in the death rate and this was supplemented in 1910 by the creation of the Bureau of Mines.

Discussing the death statistics of the coal mines, Dr. Joseph A. Holmes, director of the Bureau of Mines, said: "While these latest mortality statistics in the coal mines of the country show slight improvement over the previous years, the United States has still no record to be proud of. In spite of the progress we have made, we are still far below the standard of safety that we ought to have reached."

"It is, of course, comforting to know that for each year since 1907 there has been decreasing number of men killed for every million tons of coal mined, and that for every life lost we have many years' taken out of the earth more tons of coal. This is an improvement in the right direction. I hope that within the next year or two we will see as great an improvement in the reduction of the number of men killed per 1,000 men employed."

"The Bureau is co-operating with the State Mine Inspectors, the mine workers and with the mine operators in an endeavor to solve many of the difficult problems connected with the coal mining industry in this country. In this effort all the above forces are co-operating in good spirit in the determination to bring about better conditions. In this co-operative effort there is also serious need of the statesmen. No branch of industry in this country is on so bad an economic basis today as is the coal mining industry, and this industry can never be placed on a satisfactory basis until, through important legislative changes, improvement in this economic basis is made possible."

It was early in 1908 that the Federal government began its investigation of the causes of mine disasters following the climax of accidents in 1907. The record for 1907 and the following years is as follows:

1907—Thirty-one hundred and ninety-seven men killed, or 4.88 in every 1,000 employed.

1908—Twenty-four hundred and forty-nine killed, or 3.64 in every 1,000 employed.

1909—Twenty-six hundred and sixty-eight killed, or 4 in every 1,000 employed.

1910—Twenty-eight hundred and thirty-four men killed, or 3.91 in every 1,000 employed.

1911—Twenty-five hundred and seventeen men killed, or 3.74 in every 1,000 employed.

MOVE AUGUST 1ST.

Jefferson Standard to Greensboro—Gen. R. F. Hoke III.

Raleigh, N. C., July 2.—After a session that continued far into the afternoon the directors of the Jefferson Standard Life Insurance Co. adopted resolutions providing that the home offices of the company be removed to Greensboro August 1st, thus ending a long and bitter fight that has been waged among the stockholders and officers of the company that developed through a movement to effect a merger of the Jefferson Standard and the Greensboro Life Insurance Co., it being generally conceded now that the removal to Greensboro means that very soon there will be the perfecting of the merger of the two companies, or the re-insuring of the Greensboro Life into the Jefferson Standard, which will amount to about the same thing as a merger. The directors this afternoon named a special committee that includes President Joseph G. Brown, C. W. Gold, H. C. McQueen and Col. Walker Taylor to perfect the arrangements at Greensboro for the removal of the home office from Raleigh to Greensboro. The removal of the home offices of the company will vacate the second floor of the Grand Lodge Masonic Temple, which the company has occupied since the temple was erected.

A telegram came this afternoon to Mr. Alex. Webb, telling him to come to Greensboro on the first train on account of the desperate condition of Gen. R. F. Hoke. The telegram indicated that Gen. Hoke was believed to be dying. Mrs. Webb, who is Gen. Hoke's daughter, has been at her father's bedside for several days.

DESERTING WASHINGTON.

Public Men Plan to Spend Fourth Away From Capital. Washington, July 3.—Washington will be well nigh deserted by public men tomorrow. Both Houses of Congress have adjourned over the Fourth of July. President Taft has gone to Beverly, Mass., and Vice President Sherman is in up-State New York; Secretary MacVeagh is in New England; Secretary Stimson at Huntington, L. I.; Attorney General Clegg at Cedarhurst, L. I.; and Secretary Knox planned several days' holiday at Valley Forge, Pa. Many other officials, Senators and Representatives have joined in the exodus.

What Makes a Woman? One hundred and twenty pounds, more or less, of bone and muscle don't make a woman. It's a good foundation. Put into it health and strength and she may rule a kingdom. But that's just what Electric Bitters gives her. Thousands bless them for over-coming fainting and dizzy spells and for dispelling weakness, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, worn out feeling. "Electric Bitters have done me a world of good," writes Eliza Pool, Depew, Okla., "and I thank you with all my heart for making such a good medicine." Only 50c. Guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy.

GENERAL R. F. HOKE PASSES

Confederate Brigadier Dead in Lincoln, N. C.—State Dentists Meet—Crop Conditions—New Issue in Prohibition

Raleigh, N. C., July 3.—General Robert Frederick Hoke, a brigadier general in the Confederate army, and one of North Carolina's most distinguished soldiers, died at Lincoln today at the age of 75. Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, and Judge W. A. Hoke, of the North Carolina Supreme Court, are nephews. Funeral services will be held at Raleigh Friday.

Dr. Michael Hoke, of Atlanta, is among the surviving children. General Hoke was a ranking Confederate officer, and it is said he had been picked by General Lee as his successor in the event of the latter's sudden death. He was in practically all campaigns from Bethel, to the surrender of Johnston's army. After the war General Hoke devoted his life to mining projects.

The Southern Railway Co. has under construction in Raleigh an especially complete and up-to-date freight depot equipment that is to represent an expenditure of nearly \$50,000. The depot building will be 300x60 feet and the sidings and team tracks will be on a most ample scale. The work is being done under the direction of Civil Engineer W. F. Brock, of the Southern engineering corps, who is an expert in his line.

The thirty-eighth annual session of the North Carolina Dental Society was opened in Representatives Hall of the State House tonight with prayer by Rev. M. A. Barber, rector of Christ Episcopal church the sessions to continue through Saturday forenoon. Governor W. W. Kitchen welcomed the dentists in a most appropriate address and the response was by Dr. D. L. Jones, of Greenville. There was also a presentation of the annual address of Dr. E. B. Horton, president of the society, of Winston-Salem, and the annual essay by Dr. E. B. Howie, of Raleigh. The address by Dr. Horton was a document that smacked strongly of the progressive in professional matters but was sufficiently anchored to conservatism to satisfy the staidest of established professional opinion. The necessity of a campaign of education among the people in dental hygiene was especially stressed.

Major Graham, commissioner of agriculture, has gone to his farm in Lincoln county for a few days. He says that news from every section of the State is that the crop conditions are very satisfactory, except that the weather continues a little too cool at intervals for the best development of the cotton crop. However, this is coming along in a manner that promises to considerably overcome the handicap of late planting.

A ruling just made by S. L. Rotter as justice of the peace, sends to higher court a case that raises a new issue in the enforcement of the prohibition law—whether it is a violation of the law for an agent of the Southern Express Co. to write orders for whiskey for individuals even though he receives no compensation for this other than the ten per cent commission that he receives on all receipts of the express office passing through his hands. J. A. Allen, agent for the Southern Express Co. at Wake Forest, is indicted on this charge, admits the facts and Rotter today held him under nominal bond for the higher courts to test the issue.

The receipts of the internal revenue office for eastern district of North Carolina for the year ending June 30th broke all records with a grand total of \$4,324,741, a gain of \$549,567 over the previous year. The western district collections for the past year were \$4,537,639. This gives North Carolina the stupendous total of \$8,862,580 revenue paid into the United States treasury.

The Wake county commissioners have determined upon the innovation so far as Wake is concerned, of having the custodian of the county jail taken into the prison and where the conditions require it clean clothing is provided, hair trimmed and other things done for the benefit of the sanitary conditions.

DECLINES U. S. SENATORSHIP.

George Wingfield Refuses Appointment by Nevada Governor. Reno, Nev., July 1.—In a letter to Governor Tasker Oddie, of Nevada, today, George Wingfield declined the appointment of United States Senator to succeed the late George S. Nixon. W. A. Massey, former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Nevada, later accepted the appointment.

Lumina Today. Athletic events at 3:00 P. M. Souvenir dance tonight.

If Your Head Aches You Can't Think Fast

To be alert, vigorous and think the right thing at the right time, you must not let headache become chronic, whether from heat, cold, stomach or nervousness.

Hicks' Capudine Stops Headache

It's liquid—pleasant to take and quick effective. Capudine removes cause of headache. Capudine helps you to think clearly—10c, 25c, 50c at drug stores.



FOLLOW THE CROWD NEW BIJOU

DAVIS BAKING POWDER

the purest, wholesomest, and least expensive of the high grade baking powders;—a whole pound for only 20 cents,— $\frac{1}{2}$ pound, 10 cents,— $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 5 cents. Insist on having it. All good Grocers sell it, or will get it for you.

Of course we expect all the well dressed men of this community to look on this store as headquarters for the best things to wear; we think most of them do; if you don't, it's because you don't know what's here.

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX

clothes are not the only good things we have here; they're the best clothes we can find. But we can supply the kind of shirts you want; we can put the right hat on your head; the right underwear on your body; we can outfit any man completely from head to foot. And the qualities are Right.

Suits, \$10.50 and up.

Other things at Right prices.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes, Manhattan Shirts and John B. Stetson Hats.

J. W. H. FUCHS,

One-Price Department Store

BATH SUITS

from 50c to \$3.00.

Featherweight Coats and Pants, \$12.50 to \$22.50

Mid-Summer Shirts, 50c to \$1.50

Russia Calf three-eylet Pumps.

Big reduction in Shirt Waists and Skirts.

White Rock Shoe Cleaner, for white shoes.

J. W. H. FUCHS

Phone 272. 28 South Front Street.

Members of Trade Extension Association.

THE SANITARY DRUG STORE.

NOTICE!—SPECIAL TO HEALTH.

All Prescription Bottles before being used, are Sterilized by Special Process of Hot Water and Steam. Ask your Physician.

Phone 520, and we will send for your prescription, fill and return in the quickest time possible.

THE PAYNE DRUG COMPANY, HARRY E. PAYNE Phone No. 520. 115 Fifth and Red Cross Streets

May Suggestions

Mosquito Canopies, Porch Rockers, Refrigerators, Ice Boxes, Porch Screens, Cots, Iron Beds, Ostermoor Mattresses, Bloch Go-Carts.

WILMINGTON FURNITURE CO.

ENGINE GASOLINE

PERFECT FUEL FOR ALL GASOLINE ENGINES

MORE POWER MORE RUNNING HOURS FOR LESS MONEY

DROP US A CARD If you operate a Gasoline Engine and we will show you how to Save Money on your Fuel bill.

CAPE FEAR OIL CO., Wilmington, N. C.

Kerosene, Gasoline and Lubricating Oils.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective May 20th, 1912. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 60. 1:40 A. M.	Goldboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 61 leaves Norfolk 12:35 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 61. 1:00 A. M.
No. 51. 5:35 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. 12:30 A. M.
No. 64. 1:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65. 1:25 P. M.
No. 48. 5:30 A. M.	Goldboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. 6:15 P. M.
No. 53. 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford. Through Pullman Parlor Car Service between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 52. 8:05 P. M.
N. 55. 3:15 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway (1), Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54. 1:40 P. M.
No. 62. 3:25 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 66. 12:50 P. M.
No. 59. 1:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60. 10:15 A. M.
No. 42. 7:00 P. M.	Goldboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broker, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains with Pullman Sleeping Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 61. 10:00 A. M.
No. 57. 1:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No. 58. 1:30 A. M.

* Daily. † Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily except Monday. For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call phone 180. W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

To the Beach

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect June 1st, 1912.

WEEK DAYS:	Leave Beach	Leave Wilmington
6:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.	6:05 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:45 P. M.	6:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.

* Business Men's Express daily except Saturday and Sunday stops only at Wrightsville and stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT:

Leave Wilmington	Leave Beach
6:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.	7:15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:45 P. M.

Freight depot open daily except Sunday from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS:

Leave Wilmington	Leave Beach
7:00 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.	7:15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:45 P. M.

Freight depot open Sundays from 10:00 A. M. to 11:30 A. M.

Express trains stop only at Wrightsville and stations on the Beach.

TELEPHONE 667

For information about train movements and all matters connected with transportation department.

THE STONE CO.

are exclusive agents for

SHOCKOE MEAL

the purest and sweetest offered on any market.

Every Bag Guaranteed

Samuel Bear, Sr., & Sons

18 Market St., WILMINGTON, N. C.

Wanted

to purchase Wool, Beeswax and Hides. Highest cash prices paid. Shipments solicited. Quotations furnished on application.

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SEABOARD

Air Line Railway

SCHEDULE

EFFECTIVE APRIL 26th, 1912.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON, N. C.

No. 45—5 A. M. arrive Hamlet, 9:05 A. M. Leave Hamlet 9:25 A. M. arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with train 96, at 9:05 A. M. with through train for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and points North. At Monroe, with train 53 for Atlanta and points South. Daily sleeper for Charlotte. Open for occupancy at 10 P. M.

No. 39—3:25 P. M. arrive Hamlet 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet 8 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through train for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, also Norfolk, Richmond and all points north. Pullman chair car between Wilmington and Charlotte, and sleeper between Wilmington and Atlanta daily. Through to Birmingham Sundays and Wednesdays.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON, N. C. No. 46—12:30 P. M. from Charlotte and intermediate points. No. 44—12:10 A. M. from Charlotte and intermediate points.

For further information, telephone or apply to the undersigned.

CLAUDE MURRAY, Union Ticket Agt.

Phone No. 1294.

F. A. FETTER, Commercial Agent,

Orton Hotel, Phone No. 178.

H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent,

Raleigh, N. C.

C. B. RYAN, Gen. Passenger Agent,

Portsmouth, Va. mh19-11

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the
postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act
of Congress, March 2nd, 1879.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily
newspaper in North Carolina, is published
daily except Monday, at 50 cents per copy,
for six months, \$1.50 for three months,
50 cents for one month, served by carriers in
the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year,
\$1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25
cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on
application, and advertisers may feel as
sure that through the columns of this
paper they may reach all Wilmington,
Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory
in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, com-
munications espousing the cause of a pri-
vate enterprise or a political candidate,
and like matter, will be charged at the
rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in
advance, a half rate will be allowed. An-
nouncements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops,
picnics, social meetings, political meet-
ings, etc., will be charged under same con-
ditions, except so much thereof as may
be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before ex-
piration of contracts are charged transi-
ent rates for time actually published. Pay-
ment for transient advertisements must be
cash in advance. Contract advertisers will
not be allowed to exceed their space at
same rates, or advertise anything foreign
to their regular business without extra
charge. Advertisements to occupy special
place will be charged for according to po-
sition desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51;
Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call
either, if the other is not answered.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they con-
tain important news, or discuss briefly and
properly subjects of real interest, are not
wanted; and if acceptable are rejected un-
less the real name of the author accom-
panies the same, not necessarily for publi-
cation, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Thursday, July 4, 1912.

Well, it's all over. Please pass the
olive.

The Teddystroductive platform will
look like a crazy quilt.

It is Teddy's time now to hand 'em
one on the hinge part of the jaw.

The Columbia State will please
shake till we get a chance to hug.

All of us can't agree all of the time
but most of us can agree most of the
time.

There is more in some men than
can be gotten out of them with a
jimmie.

Good morning, President Taft. How
do you like the picture of Wilson, the
Winner?

The Baltimore convention's noise
couldn't hold out against the voice of
Col. Bryan.

What has become of the old fash-
ioned gentleman who used to ride fif-
teen miles to a singing?

Our idea of a good Democrat is a
man who can quit fighting when he is
licked. All Democrats will look alike
on the Wilson bandwagon.

The North Carolina delegation at
Baltimore finally voted solidly for
Woodrow Wilson. North Carolina al-
ways does right when she sees her
way clear.

Says a contemporary: "Senator
Kern has a hatchet face." It should
be observed in that connection that
the Indiana Senator cut a good deal of
ice at the Baltimore convention.

The Chicago and Baltimore conven-
tions are over, but look what we've
got. The South Carolina primary cam-
paign is in full swing. The stump is
the main thing every two years in
the Palmetto State.

Kentucky reports a surplus of 20,000
gallons of whiskey. Yes, but the year
is only half gone. The Kentuckians
have six months in which to make a
different showing. Anyhow, Baltimore
must need a new supply.

Democrats may fight over their can-
didates, but they must all fight to-
gether for the relief of the people of this
country. We are all in the same boat
and the Democrat who rocks the boat
will go to the bottom with all the
others.

Goodbye, old fashioned, effete, and
unrepresentative political conventions.
No argument on top of the earth can
ever justify a convention system. The
legalized and right kind of primary
election system is coming, and the
North Carolina General Assembly need
not longer attempt to hedge or side-
step on that very plain question.

Don't read any man out of the Demo-
cratic party. We need all that are
now affiliated, and all new recruits
who come over as a matter of con-
viction ought to be received in full mem-
bership and be accorded all the po-
litical rights and favors due to a full
fledged Democrat. First honors for
the old standbys, but the cold shoul-
der for none.

Roosevelt declares that he will go
right on organizing his branch of the
Republican party. This means that
the big elephant will have two riders
with their backs to each other, one
facing the head and the other riding
tail foremost. Guess who is the tail-
ender? Of course, the old elephant
can't make much progress forward
and he will not go backward, so he
will be ridden to a standstill. Mean-
while the Democratic animalcule will
back up and kick the stuffing out of
the stranded pachyderm.

DEMOCRATIC TARIFF POLICY.

Going along with the nomination of
Wilson for President, and Marshall
for Vice President, is a Democratic
platform which is sound on the tariff
and generally free from objectionable
features. Tariff revision that is really
scientific in the interest of the people
and the government is the offering of
the Baltimore convention, and the
people and all concerned or affected
are to be congratulated upon the wise,
reasonable and justifiable position of
the party in dealing with a difficult
and serious problem.

The tariff is to be revised in the in-
terest of the people by the party that
is friendly with the people. It is to
be the Democratic party that the masses
must look for relief from the burdens
of the tariff. Certain it is that the
standpat Republican party would re-
vise the tariff in the interest of its
beneficiaries. Even the purchaser of
a gold brick would not trust the Re-
publican party to revise the tariff in
the interest of the people. The least
unsuspecting guy would not accept the
guarantee of the party of privilege
to revise the tariff in any so-called
scientific way recommended by Taft's
impotent tariff board. In the first
place, who would suspect a standpat
tariff board would make any recom-
mendation that would seriously threat-
en the tariff tribute guaranteed to the
privilege freebooters by a party thor-
oughly and perversely committed to
the policy of taxing the people for the
benefit of its tariff beneficiaries?

The party to revise the tariff in the
interest of its beneficiaries, as a mat-
ter of course, is the Republican party.
That is the party to think at tariff
making for its special privilege crowd,
because their interests will be safe in
the hands of their Republican friends.
No manufacturer need lose any sleep
over the possibility that a Republican
Congress will take many shingles off
his house to stop the leaks in the av-
erage man's roof. The G. O. P. Ephraim
is wedded to his idols, and his idols
are the plutocrats who have amassed
millions by reason of tribute levied on
the people by a party which labors
under the hallucination that it can
make a Nation rich and prosperous by
making 'all the people contribute to
the enrichment of a few of the people.

This campaign is largely to put a
stop to that. It ought to be stopped
for the reason that it is wrong to bur-
den the masses for the enrichment of
the few. It ought to be stopped for
the reason that it is outrageous and
tyrannical to pass laws so the privi-
leged class can amass millions wrong
by an indirect tax on people from the
cradle to the grave. It ought to be
stopped because it disturbs the natural
and proper distribution of wealth by
taxing the many to concentrate useless
millions into the hands of men who
now have more than they need.

The Democratic platform adopted
at Baltimore promises to put a stop
to such an infamous policy. The plat-
form holds the protective tariff respon-
sible for interfering with the natural
distribution of wealth. The truth of
that declaration is manifest. Protec-
tion causes wealth to concentrate in
the hands of the few. It not only en-
riches a few individuals at the ex-
pense of the many, but it concentrates
vast wealth in certain States which
have a thousand products protected
while some other States have no indus-
tries to draw upon the highly protec-
ted States for return benefits. It is
easy to observe that a discriminating
tax like that will make some States
poorer while others grow richer from
the same cause. It also makes the
poor man poorer and the rich man
richer.

The Baltimore platform presents the
correct idea of tariff revision, the ul-
timate aim being to reduce it to a re-
venue basis. The pledge is to do so
gradually, and not so radically, sweep-
ingly and suddenly as to prove disas-
trous to the industrial system by revo-
lutionizing the situation instead of
applying a remedy that in time will
equalize the price of commodities and
the remuneration of labor. One of the
great harms of the Republican tariff
is that it seriously affects the inter-
ests of some States while immensely
benefitting others. The Star has often
called attention to the need of so regu-
lating the tariff that its burdens and
benefits shall be more equitably dis-
tributed in the various States. The
Democratic proposition at Baltimore is
to do that as nearly as possible, and
it was precisely that wise line that
North Carolina's Senators and Repre-
sentatives followed in their votes
when the Payne-Aldrich bill was on its
passage. They were keen enough to
see the discrimination against North
Carolina and to take such action to-
wards it as to secure an equitable
showing for their State—a small bene-
fit from the tariff compared with the
huge benefits for other States.

Notwithstanding their statesmanship
and the fidelity they displayed for
their State, they have been subjected
to unthinking criticism. However, the
Baltimore platform is a fine vindica-
tion of their course, and it becomes,
with Col. Bryan's consent, the estab-
lished Democratic policy towards the
tariff—a tariff for revenue mainly and
a tariff more equitable in its effects on
all the States. The Baltimore conven-
tion cut out the free list idea, and
evidently the purpose is to carry out
the Democratic idea of a tariff for
revenue—a tariff on raw materials as
well as manufactured products. To
place raw materials on the free list

and manufactured products on the pro-
tected list would be an unjustifiable
discrimination against the producer of
raw material, and it would be equally
so to protect some States on a thou-
sand things and protect North Carolina
on only a half dozen.

The Democratic convention has tak-
en a strong and unassailable position
on the tariff, and it is precisely the
position taken by such masterful Demo-
crats as Oscar W. Underwood and
the North Carolina Senators in their
part in tariff making. Nobody need
fear anything from the Democratic
revision that will be gradual and fair
and steadily downward so as to re-
lieve the people of that indirect tax
while not violently affecting those in-
terests which have been propped up
by government aid rendered by tariff
laws enabling them to take their toll
of the people.

MEAT STORAGE AT WATER TERMINALS

In order to enable us to better ap-
preciate the tremendous importance
and value of our deep water front, let
us observe what London does to meet
the needs of its increased commerce.
In London the water front is control-
led by the public and as commerce ex-
pands the public makes provision for
it. As the largest city in the world
and one of its greatest ports, the great
English city furnishes us an illustra-
tion example as to municipality-owned
docks, piers and warehouses to meet
the necessities of its growing com-
merce.

For instance, the continued increase
in the importation of frozen and chill-
ed meats into London has recently led
the port authorities to sanction the
construction at Smithfield of a cold
storage for an additional 84,000 car-
casses. It has now been found neces-
sary to extend the accommodation for
meat in storage at the Albert Dock,
which, together with the Victoria
Dock, has for many years been the
principal depot in the port of Lon-
don. The scheme proposed is to con-
vert the existing sheds at the Albert
Dock into two-story sheds of a total
length of 1,150 feet and a width of 120
feet.

There is some size to those "sheds."
It will be observed, and it might be
added that they really are water ter-
minal freight warehouses and storage
apartments. The upper stories of
these huge sheds or warehouses are to
be insulated and used for storage of
meats, while the lower portion is for
general cargoes. It is also proposed
to erect a cold storage 300 feet in
length and 100 feet in width, five sto-
ries high, and capable of taking care
of 250,000 carcasses. That surely will
be an immense meat depot, and the
advantage it possesses is that it af-
fords storage so the great city's meat
supply may not run short, while, at
the same time it constitutes a great
distributing point for water and rail
shipments. The additional accommo-
dation which is now under considera-
tion will cost \$1,375,000.

Another evidence of the continued
demand for tonnage accommodations in
London arises in connection with
the construction of a jetty at the West-
ern Dock and London Dock. The jetty
approved will be 800 feet long by
190 feet wide, and the work will be
done at once owing to the pressing
needs of commerce. Some idea of the
great commerce reaching Victoria and
Albert docks can be had when it is
stated that thirteen railway locomotives
have been found to be insuffi-
cient for handling the increasing busi-
ness. Three additional locomotives
have, therefore, been ordered, with
the help of which it is hoped the ac-
tivity in port trade, which is so mark-
ed a feature at these docks, may be
adequately grappled with.

The London authorities also are con-
sidering another expenditure of \$1,200,-
000 to provide more accommodations
for the great liners. London's freight
and storage docks are provided with
locomotives, elevators, loading and
discharging machinery, and whatever
modern equipment is needed to ide-
ally meet the needs of shipping.

Wilmington can have something on
a smaller scale but equally as effi-
cient in taking care of and increas-
ing the growing commerce of the port.
The ports which are looking for in-
creased commerce are providing them-
selves with water front accommoda-
tions sufficient to handle cargoes from
ships to warehouses, and from ships
or warehouses to trains for interior
distribution.

MILLIONS IN MANUFACTURING

According to the Winston-Salem
Journal, the Twin City annually man-
ufactures tobacco to the value of \$22,-
000,000. That alone makes Winston-
Salem a great manufacturing centre,
yet no mention is made of other im-
portant manufacturing in that city.
Says the Journal:

"The story of the growth of the to-
bacco business in Winston-Salem is a
truly wonderful one. Already Winston-
Salem ranks second among the cities
of the world as a tobacco manufactur-
ing centre. St. Louis alone leading us,
and if the present rate of increase is
kept up Winston-Salem will in all prob-
ability pass St. Louis within the next
two or three years. During the fiscal
year which closed Saturday, Winston-
Salem concerns manufactured nearly
fifty-seven million pounds (56,720,494
pounds, to be exact). This tobacco is
shipped to all parts of the world. For-
eignly it is a pound in a conservative es-
timate of the average wholesale price
at which this tobacco is sold, and

figured on this basis, it is thus seen
that from all corners of the earth a
steady stream of money is pouring
into Winston-Salem—a grand total for
the past year of nearly twenty-two
million dollars. This amount of money
from a single source, not counting
the great amounts that come in here
in payment for the more than a hun-
dred other articles made here, ex-
plains why Winston-Salem is the most
solid, the most substantial town in
North Carolina."

Our esteemed contemporary, need
not have mentioned the potential fac-
tor in the rapid development and pros-
perity of the Twin City, for it will
make other cities envious of her great
manufacturing interests. However, it
ought to encourage all our really am-
bitious cities to build manufacturing
as the best means of increasing popu-
lation and giving employment to their
people. Cities which hope to grow
more rapidly than the mere normal
rate of increase in population have to
become industrial cities.

One advantage of Winston-Salem's
big tobacco factories is that they are
right where the tobacco is grown. The
production of such a great money crop
as tobacco right around the city made
it possible for the establishment of
factories to turn it into the finished
product. On the other hand, the build-
ing of factories to consume the raw
material produced there builds up and
establishes the great tobacco-growing
industry of central North Carolina. A
home product manufactured in the
finished product at home gives em-
ployment to thousands of people who
contribute largely to the redistribution
of the tobacco wealth which pours in
to Winston-Salem from all quarters of
the globe.

Once more, The Star will say that
where any kind of raw materials ex-
ist or are produced abundantly, right
there is where factories should be
built to manufacture it. The South
should send away as little of her raw
material as possible. She ought to
convert it at home. Same way with
Wilmington.

The Democratic platform is pretty
long, but it could be condensed into
this substance: The Democratic party
proposes to conduct this government
economically and efficiently in the in-
terest of the people and not for the
benefit of a privileged class. The larg-
est liberty possible for all classes, re-
lief for the masses, and no favors for
the classes except those which every
man should have in a fair field offering
equal opportunities to all. Ample re-
venue for the government, and no law
by which a few of the people can
amass unnecessary fortunes by taxing
the servile masses.

"Clash savagely," is Rough. Rider-
esque. The words are to be hissed
amidst a grinding of teeth sufficient to
scare people into believing that they'll
get their heads bit off. The Colonel
says he is going to make a fight in
every State, and that he is going to
clash savagely with the Republican or-
ganization in every State where the
regulars get in his way. Teddy talks
like he is going to pin his ears back
and gallop down their throats.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Republican platform stands pat
on the protective tariff and that is one
of the reasons it is going to get it in
the neck.—Durham Herald.

The delegation from North Carolina
was yesterday casting its ballot, and
for William. The boys "saw their duty
and done it."—Asheville Citizen.

We notice that Senator Simmons
is pleased with the national platform. So
was he pleased with the State plat-
form. We wonder how Mr. Kitchen
will like it. It doesn't declare for re-
publicity or free lumber, either!—New
bern Sun.

It was Josh Billings who advised
that in preaching a mule's funeral a
man stand at the animal's head. The
newspapers that have been proclaim-
ing with such gusto that Bryan is
dead would find the most reliable time
for sermonizing after the convention.
—Raleigh News and Observer.

Experiences at Chicago and Balti-
more are bringing about a nationwide
demand for a reform in our political
conventions. Leading newspapers in
every section are asking for a change,
and there is a strong probability that
the country has seen the last of the
convention "demonstration."—Savan-
nah News.

One of the biggest things in an edu-
cational way in this State at the pres-
ent time is the movement for a mil-
lion-dollar endowment for Trinity Col-
lege. Already \$350,000 of the amount
has been raised and we feel sure the
Methodists of North Carolina will not
lose this amount by failure to secure
the remaining \$150,000.—Winston-Salem
Sentinel.

No one has ever accused the Hon.
William J. Stone, senator from Mis-
souri—"Gumshoe Bill" they call him
at home—of any lack of nerve. He
gave a fresh exhibition of it on Sat-
urday when, acting as the real man-
ager of the hon' dawg candidacy, he
wired to Governor Wilson, Governor
Marshall and Mr. Underwood, asking
them please to withdraw, and make the
Champ Clark nomination unanimous
on the ground that the Missouri can-
didate had then an actual majority of
the delegates to the convention. It
is scarcely necessary to say that all
three of the gentlemen addressed com-
pletely ignored the Hon. Bill's request
just as Governor Wilson had previous-
ly ignored the Hon. Lynn Dinkins in
vitation to pull out and become a run-
ning mate. The Clark people have
been persistently saying that with out
exception no Democratic candidate
ever obtained a majority of the con-
vention without subsequently obtain-
ing the nomination. But the present
convention is establishing precedent.

and one of the precedents it seems
particularly bent on establishing is
that no man shall be nominated unless
he is truly the choice of the Demo-
cratic party.—Houston Chronicle.

The most dramatic and epoch-mak-
ing convention in Democratic history
has climaxed in the nomination of
Woodrow Wilson for President. The
party is to be congratulated. The
American people are to be congrat-
ulated. Future decades will look back
upon July the second, 1912, as the
golden turning point to a new era in
this nation's life—an era of wider vi-
sion and purer laws, of a freer govern-
ment and a greater people. The bat-
tle between progress and reaction has
been long-drawn and sometimes dark-
some with discouragement, but at
length the ramparts have been leaped,
and the dawn has broken in splendid
and quickening fire. The rank and
file of American citizenship has been
vouchsafed a true leader whom they
can and will follow to the achieve-
ment of their rights; and the Demo-
cratic party after years of wondering
in the wilderness has turned glorious-
ly and we believe, unitedly forward
to the Land of Promise.—Atlanta Jour-
nal.

A prominent manufacturer of the
city remarked yesterday that business
was better than it had been for three
years past. Contrary to the general
opinion, the uncertainty of the polit-
ical situation has not spread uneasiness
to any extent in business circles.
Perhaps in no line is the general pros-
perity more generally felt just now
than in the textile business. In di-
rect contrast with conditions existing
this time last year, spindles that were
idle last June are now being run over-
time to keep up with orders. Many
cotton mills are running both day and
night, and numerous manufacturers
have sold far ahead at prices which
show a good margin of profit. June of
last year marked the beginning of a
drastic period of curtailment which
carried far into the autumn. Prices
were so low that manufacturers could
find little or no profit in operation;
many mills suffered severely, and
thousands of operatives were thrown
out of work.

In fact, there had been a general de-
pression in the textile markets for
two years. Today, however, cotton
manufacturers are all smiles; new
mills are being frequently chartered
and old plants are making additions,
and installing new machinery to han-
dle the growing business which they
confidently expect. Since Charlotte is
the center of the textile industry in
the South the benefits of this revival
in the textile trade are felt on all
hands. Good times in one line of
business affect other lines, for busi-
ness overlaps.—Charlotte News.

ALLEN TRIAL HALTED.

One of Jurors Taken Sick—Will Pro-
ceed Today.

Wytheville, Va., July 3.—Proceed-
ings in the second trial of Claude Al-
len were brought to a sudden halt to-
day when one of the jurors, C. T. Bris-
tice, was stricken with an attack of
acute indigestion. It is thought that
the juror will be well enough by to-
morrow for the trial to proceed.

Opening statements were made by
the commonwealth and the defense to-
day, and one witness, Judge D. W. Bol-
len, examined. Judge Bollen repeated
the statements made by him at the
former trial of Claude Allen, saying
the young man fired the first shot and
that it killed Judge Massie. Nothing
new was brought out.

Washington, July 3.—President Taft
left at 7:35 tonight for Boston, to
spend the remainder of the week at
his summer home near Beverly. Mrs.
Taft, Secretary Hilles and Major Thos.
L. Rhoades were in the President's
party. Mrs. Taft will stay in Beverly
during the rest of the summer, and
Miss Helen Taft and the two Taft boys
are expected to join her in a few days.
The President will return to Washing-
ton Monday.

"The Penalty of Intemperance."
Big Kalem film teaching a strong
moral lesson at the Grand Theatre to-
day.

G & J
BRAND
UNITED STATES TIRES

If you want good tire
service and are not
getting it,
Or if you believe it pos-
sible to reduce your
present yearly tire bill
—a comparative test of
G & J Tires

on the same car with other
brands will satisfy you that
such a result can be had
without extra cost over the
price you pay for other tires.

You can't do a better thing
than try them out.

Specify the old reliable
G & J Tires

Wilmington Distributor
H. L. FENNELL

114 N. Second Street

OXFORD COLLEGE.

OXFORD, N. C.

Founded 1850.

College and Preparatory Departments. Lit-
erary, Music, Art, Business, Teaching,
and Domestic Science Courses.
Board and Literary Tuition, a year, \$101.00.
Apply for Illustrated Catalogue, \$10.00.
J. E. HODGKINS, Pres.

Boils, Rashes, Pimples, Etc.

When the blood becomes infected with any unhealthy humor the ef-
fect is shown by boils, pimples, and rashes or eruptions on the skin. Humors
get into the blood usually because of an inactive condition of the elimi-
nating members. Thus unhealthy matter is left in the system to sour and
ferment and be absorbed into the circulation. Remove these humors and
no skin trouble can exist, because its very source is then removed. Boils,
rashes, pimples, etc., can never be cured through
the application of external medicines, because such
treatment can have no possible effect on the blood;
the most to be obtained from such measures is tem-
porary relief. S. S. S. CURES all skin affections
because it purifies the blood. It goes down into
the circulation and cleanses it of every particle of
unhealthy matter. Then the blood exercises its
normal function of supplying nourishment to the
cuticle instead of irritating it with a fiery humor. If
you have any skin trouble you could not do better
than purify your blood with S. S. S. It does not "patch up" it cures.
Book on Skin Diseases and any medical advice free.



Book on Skin Diseases and any medical advice free.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Special Sale Colored Lawns.

Our entire stock of Colored Lawns reduced to 7 1/2
cents cash.

All new and pretty styles.

Sale starts Monday Morning.

A. D. BROWN

BASE BALL GOODS FISHING TACKLE

Fruit Jars!

The season for Fruit Jars is most here and the out-
look is good for a large Fruit Crop, so place your orders
NOW, so you will be prepared to furnish your trade
as soon as they begin to call for these goods. We have
a large stock of Fruit Jars, all sizes, Jar Rubbers in black,
white and red, and Jar Caps.

We can fill your wants in this line same day order is
received. A pleasure to quote you prices on these goods.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE
FISHING TACKLE BASE BALL GOODS

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Statement condition
of Wilmington, at close of business June 14th, 1912.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts \$125,888.78	Capital stock paid in \$50,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures 1,690.23	Undivided profits, less cur- rent expenses and taxes paid 1,648.92
All real estate owned 12,000.00	Time Certificates of De- posit 23,945.58
Demand loans 6,584.50	Savings Deposits 73,700.00
Due from Banks and Bankers 8,020.21	Cashier's Checks outstand- ing 52.10
Gold coin 150.00	
Silver coin, including all minor coin currency 227.51	
National bank notes and other U. S. notes 786.00	
Total \$155,387.50	Total \$155,387.50

J. W. YATES, President J. W. LITTLE, Vice-President
J. F. ROACHE, Cashier
Began business December 1st, 1911.

HAMMOCKS

Our New Line is Now Open — We have them at any
price you want, from \$1.50 up to \$7.50.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
32 N. Front St.

EAST CAROLINA TEACHERS' TRAINING SCHOOL

A State school to train teachers for the public schools of
North Carolina. Every energy is directed to this one purpose.
Tuition free to all who agree to teach. Fall Term begins
September 24, 1912.

REGULAR SESSION OF COUNCIL

Friction Between Health Department and City Hospital Discussed and Other Matters Were Considered Yesterday.

City Council yesterday morning devoted the major portion of a two and a half hour session to a discussion of the controversy between the city health department and the James Walker Memorial Hospital with a view of adjusting all differences, which have resulted mostly from a misunderstanding. Mr. W. H. Sprunt, of the board of managers of the hospital, was present to bring the matter to the attention of the Council and stated clearly and concisely the hospital's position and urged harmony and co-operation between the institution and the health department.

City Attorney Herbert McClammy stated that he talked over the situation with George Rountree, Esq., counsel for the hospital board, and that they are to have a further conference when the latter returns from the meeting of the Bar Association at Morehead City. He seemed to think that there would be no trouble in arriving at some understanding which would be satisfactory to both sides. After considerable discussion, the matter was left with the city attorney and Mr. Rountree.

The cause of the recent friction was the refusal of the hospital authorities to care for an aged negro who was suffering from cancer of the breast and, as it later developed, also from tuberculosis. This was only a day or two ago and reference to the controversy was made in yesterday's paper. It was said that the city had threatened to hold up, or delay, the payment of the amount of the appropriation for July on the ground that the hospital had refused to take one of the city's patients.

Mr. Sprunt, in opening his remarks to the Council, said that he had no grievance, but that his sole desire in appearing before the body was to arrange for co-operation between the hospital and the health department. He referred to the fact that ever since Dr. Nesbitt has been superintendent of health there has been more or less friction, but that the board of managers thought it mostly on personal grounds and that after a change in superintendents that this would disappear. Things did run along smoothly under the management of the new superintendent until the case referred to in his paper. Mr. Sprunt said that his board did not want to be told every month that unless they do so and so the city will hold up the appropriation for the institution. He said that of course the hospital board cared for the appropriation, but did not care to have the continual friction, intimating that rather than have the strained relations continue that the board would arrange to get along without the city's appropriation, as bad as the institution needs the money. He then explained the case which caused the last controversy and stated that the isolated ward, that the board had care of outside cases, but those which developed in the hospital. If the hospital opened the isolated ward to the public and take in all infectious diseases then the institution would have to be closed. The line must be drawn somewhere, he said. Mr. Sprunt contended that it was not fair for the city to hold up the appropriation to the public and have threats made to cut off the appropriation because the management is endeavoring not only to live up to the rules of the institution but the health laws of the State in excluding such cases.

Mayor Smith asked Mr. Sprunt if any member of Council had threatened to cut off the appropriation. He replied in the negative, but said that Dr. Nesbitt, with whom the hospital superintendent had been dealing, had made a statement to this effect. Mayor Smith said that Dr. Nesbitt was not a member of Council and did not have any right to hold up any appropriation.

Mr. Sprunt also spoke of the case in which a wounded police officer was cared for in a private ward and a bill sent to the city. He said that Superintendent B. C. Moore had told the superintendent of the institution that the city would be responsible for the bill, therefore it was presumed at the time that the city expected to pay for the services. Mr. Sprunt urged that Council draw the line, define what is expected of the city, and that the hospital board had never refused to pay the bill, yet it was hoped that the Council would be generous enough to make a donation of this amount to the institution.

Mr. Sprunt made the point that the hospital could get along much better without the city than the city could get along without the hospital. He asserted that the \$6,000 which the city gives would not support the institution nor could the institution be maintained on the amount received both from the city and county, \$15,000. The institution, dependent upon patients for a considerable portion of the revenue.

City Attorney Herbert McClammy asked Mr. Sprunt if the hospital board had any prescribed rules and if copies had been furnished the city health department. He replied that most certainly the hospital had rules and that he thought copies had been furnished the health department.

Dr. Nesbitt said that he desired to resent the charge that he was actuated by ulterior motives as made by Mr. Sprunt and that no prejudice had entered into his health work in Wilmington. He recalled the fact that when he first took the office and asked for certain information from the hospital he was told that it was none of his business. He said that there had been infractions of the law of which the Council and Mr. Sprunt were familiar and which could not need calling attention to at that time. Complaints, he said, had been made to his office about

the hospital and that it was in following up these complaints that the friction developed. Dr. Nesbitt said with reference to the appropriation that after the hospital refused to care for the patient Monday night, but instead sent him back to police headquarters, and placed him in a cell, thereby making the city liable in using the cells for a person suffering from contagious disease, he asked Capt. Thos. D. Meares, city clerk and treasurer, to hold up the check for July until Council had time to investigate the matter. Dr. Nesbitt said that he told Mayor Smith what he had done and he did not enter any objection. He said that he realized that he had no authority to hold up any appropriation, but that under the circumstances he deemed it his duty to ask that payment be delayed.

Dr. Nesbitt said that he was in thorough sympathy with the hospital and its management, but that he wanted the city to get 100 cents for every dollar expended on the institution. He thought all such questions as had recently arisen should be settled for all time.

Mayor Smith said that since he had been drawn into the controversy he desired to say that Dr. Nesbitt did not come to him and suggest that payment of the appropriation be delayed, but informed him that he had already caused it to be held up. He said that Dr. Nesbitt was only an employee of the city and that he nor any other employee had a right to hold up an appropriation. He said that when the case in point was brought to his attention he considered that it was a question of one man suffering or a dozen suffering and that he decided it best for one man to suffer. He expressed surprise that Capt. Meares, the city clerk and treasurer, would agree to hold up a check unless so instructed by a member of the Council.

This called for more explaining and Capt. Meares was light there with the goods in an instant. He said that he considered from a legal standpoint, and that the city attorney would agree with him, that notice from any employee of the city in a matter of paying money is equivalent to making the treasury responsible should he go contrary to the notice; that in the second place, he did not agree to hold up the appropriation, and that anyway the voucher had not been made out at the time. City Attorney McClammy said that Capt. Meares was entirely right in his position.

This ended the discussion, and the matter is held in abeyance until the conference between Mr. Rountree and Mr. McClammy.

Mr. Theo. G. Empe, of the Carolina Products Co., appeared before the Council and asked that a pool of stagnant water on the sidewalk near his factory at Sixth and Martin streets, be filled in, saying that the mosquitoes are so bad from the pond that they make life miserable for the people in that vicinity. The request was referred to Councilman P. Q. Moore.

At the request of Mr. J. H. Rehder the Council voted to amend the fire limit ordinance so as to permit the erection of frame dwellings on west side of Fourth street, between Red Cross and Campbell streets. Mr. Rehder said that he would begin immediately the erection of two new residences on that street.

J. D. Loewenstein, who lives at 10th and Princess streets, complained to Council that the Eastern Star dance hall on Princess, near 10th, is a nuisance and should be abated. The matter was referred to Councilman B. C. Moore.

The report of the health department showed 69 births during the month of June, 25 whites and 44 colored; 59 deaths, 21 white and 38 colored. Dr. John Thames, assistant superintendent of health, made 58 visits to indigent poor; there were 19 office consultations of indigent poor; 30 permits were issued to the James Walker Memorial Hospital, and 21 cases of typhoid fever were reported. Dr. Thos. B. Carroll, meat and dairy inspector, reported that he made 32 inspections of dairies and dairy farms. The sanitary conditions and health of cattle were good. He reported the milk supply as first-class. He made 415 examinations of fresh slaughtered meats as follows: 99 cattle and 415 sheep with one condemned as unfit for food purposes.

Chief Fowler submitted a special report on the different houses and porches on the street line in accordance with instructions given him at the last meeting of the Council. There were a large number. The report will be used as information by the Council. A communication was received from Mr. J. V. Granger, a member of the People's Savings Bank, would be torn away in October and replaced by a new structure and asking that he not be required to remove the steps leading to the second floor at this time, as it would be additional expense with very little benefit. Mr. J. T. King, employed at the building on the street line north of his property on Fifth, between Chestnut and Grace streets.

Three communications were received from Hon. John D. Bellamy with regard to bills rendered against him for granolithic paving done by the city. He complained that the work had either not been completed or was not done in a workman-like manner. Letters from the city engineer were to the effect that the work had been properly done. No action was taken.

Another letter from Mr. Bellamy called attention to the obstruction at the foot of Harnett street, on the river front, which is now used by the Wilmington Compress & Warehouse Co. It is said, and asked that the street be opened. Mr. Bellamy wrote the letter as attorney for the Seaboard Air Line and he stated that the railroad was willing to yield its rights in the street provided it is opened. Council was not disposed to grant the request at this time.

City Attorney Herbert McClammy

stated that the Seaboard Air Line and Atlantic Coast Line have practically come to an agreement as to what proportion each is to pay of the cost of building a concrete bridge to replace the wooden structure now over the tracks at Fourth street. He thought that work on the bridge would be commenced in a short time.

Mr. B. F. Hall, in a communication, complained about the blowing of steam whistles in the city early in the morning. The matter was left open until next meeting.

Mr. L. H. Simmons, of the Independent Ice Co., said his company is preparing to put in a cold storage plant at Second and Campbell streets and called attention of Council to the effect that Campbell street is well nigh impassable. He said that he thought the Coast Line should build a retaining wall. Upon motion the city attorney was instructed to write the Coast Line that a retaining wall must be built at that point.

A complaint made by Mr. H. W. Kolig about an open ditch near Sixth and Howard streets was referred to Councilman P. Q. Moore. Messrs. J. A. Haar and E. W. Coleman were elected members of the fire department upon recommendation of Councilman B. C. Moore. The soft drink license of Annie Pearsall, at Seventh and Howard streets was revoked, the chief of police having reported that beer and whiskey had been found in the place. A resolution was adopted approving the settlement of the suit of Gregg vs. the city of Wilmington and Mr. Jas. F. Woolvin, in which the city paid \$2,500. Another resolution was adopted authorizing the city attorney to institute suit within 10 days against persons who owe the city for money advanced for granolithic paving, unless the first payment on the same is made within that time.

City Attorney McClammy stated that an amendment to the city charter is being drawn and it is hoped to have it passed by the next Legislature that will require abutting property owners to pay for permanent street improvements as is the case in other cities. He said that this will be done on account of the fact that the bond issue money is almost gone and not nearly all the streets have as yet been improved. Councilmen B. C. Moore and Tiencken expressed themselves as being against the proposed amendment. However, the matter was taken up for action. The meeting adjourned a few minutes before 12 o'clock.

THE RECORDER'S COURT.

Two Negroes Sent to Roads—Other Cases Tried Yesterday.

Dolph Brooker, colored, was found guilty in the Recorder's court yesterday of carrying a concealed weapon and was sentenced to three months on the county roads. The negro was arrested by the police on a charge of vagrancy and when searched a murder-looking revolver was found on his person. Judgment was suspended in the vagrancy case. Joe Wadsworth, colored, was found guilty on a charge of vagrancy and was sentenced to 30 days on the county roads.

In the case of James Kelly, colored, who was charged with housebreaking, later changed to forcible trespass, tried at the Tuesday session, the court yesterday suspended judgment on payment of the costs. The negro was alleged to have tried to enter the house of Nellie Russell, white, at 1010 Chestnut street.

Dan Kirby, colored, was found guilty of an assault with a knife upon William Bonham and was fined \$10 and costs. Louis Belden, colored, charged with trespass, was let off on the payment of costs. Nora Nixon, colored, charged with an assault with a deadly weapon, was found not guilty and was dismissed. Willie Nixon, charged with an assault with a deadly weapon, was found not guilty and was dismissed.

INDEPENDENCE DAY SERVICES.

Will Be Held at the Fifth Street Methodist Church Sunday.

Fifth Street Methodist church will observe next Sunday, July 7th, in honor of the birthday of the Nation. The pastor, Rev. G. A. Adams, believes that this celebration of the Fourth of July is as much a religious as it is a political event in that our government guarantees to all of its citizens religious freedom. Hence this special service will be held on next Sunday, as this is the nearest Sunday to Uncle Sam's National day. At 11 A. M., the Sunday School will take part in the exercises and the pastor will preach a sermon appropriate to the occasion. At 3 P. M., members of the Boys' Brigade will attend and there will be a patriotic address. The church will be decorated with the national colors and national hymns will be sung. The public is cordially invited.

THE FIGHT RETURNS.

Will Be Received and Posted at Baxter's Cigar Store.

The Johnson-Flynn fight will be the chief topic of interest with a large contingent of the Wilmington population today, and breathing space at the several places in the city at which the returns will be received will doubtless be at a premium during the afternoon. Baxter's Cigar Store announced last night that the full details would be received and posted by them, and all their friends are cordially invited to come down and spend the afternoon. The contest starts at 2 o'clock Eastern time, making it 4 o'clock Eastern or Wilmington time, and the free matinee will be on at Baxter's at that time, continuing until "Mister Johnson" again affirms his supremacy or a victorious white champion is announced.

Library to Close.

The public library will be closed today, the Fourth of July, and it will also close again Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock and remain closed until July 15th. During this time an inventory of the books will be taken and all books now out must be returned by Saturday morning, or the borrowers will be charged extra fines.

The Choice of a Husband is too important a matter for a woman to be handicapped by weakness, bad blood or foul breath. Avoid these things by taking Dr. King's Life Pills. New strength, fine complexion, pure breath, cheerful spirits—things that men follow their wives. Easy, safe, sure. 25c. R. R. Bellamy.

Lumina Today
Athletic events at 3:00 P. M. Souvenir dance tonight.

NAVIGATION AND PILOTAGE

Official Report of Proceedings of the Board of Commissioners at Regular Monthly Meeting Held Yesterday—Pilot Boat.

Wilmington, N. C., July 3, 1912.

Regular monthly meeting of the Board of Commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage was held today, with the following present: Vice Chairman J. W. Harper, Commissioners H. G. Smallbones, Richard Doshier and William St. George, and Clerk L. Brown McKoy.

The reading of the minutes of the previous meeting was dispensed with, they having been published in the paper at the time and read by the Commissioners.

The board first took up the complaint of Pilot M. T. Craig, dated Southport, N. C., 28th June, 1912, which was as follows:

"The Board of Commissioners, Navigation and Pilotage, Wilmington, N. C.

"Gentlemen—I have the honor to make the following report, and request that an investigation be made by your board at its regular meeting to be held on Wednesday, July 3, 1912. On Thursday morning, June 28th, 1912, we went out to sea in pilot boat D. H. Penton, and spoke the British ship Manchester Merchant, and found that she had been boarded by Pilots J. S. Sellers and L. S. Davis, and that Pilot Davis was in charge of the ship. These two pilots went to sea in and boarded the ship from the gasoline launch, Virginia Dare, which said launch is unnumbered and not licensed by your board as a pilot boat.

"For myself and the other members of the crew of the regularly licensed pilot boat D. H. Penton, I lay claim to the lawful pilotage fees of said ship, and respectfully submit that Messrs. Sellers and Davis have no rights whatever in the matter, having disobeyed and disregarded a plain regulation of your board, which the undersigned and every member of the crew to which he belongs, carefully and faithfully observe. Very respectfully,

"M. T. CRAIG.

Pilots I. S. Davis, J. S. Sellers and M. T. Craig appeared before the board, having been summoned, and they were carefully examined by the Commissioners. Pilots Sellers and Davis admitted the charge that they had boarded the ship from an unlicensed and unnumbered boat, but they claimed the pilotage, and Brooke G. Empe, Esq., argued their case for them. Capt. Payne, of the "Manchester Merchant," was also present and substantiated the statements of the pilots regarding the boarding of his ship by Pilot Davis from the launch "Virginia Dare" and the subsequent hauling by the pilot boat "D. H. Penton," which wished to put a pilot aboard.

After hearing the arguments from both sides, the board ruled (Commissioner St. George not voting) that Pilots Davis and Sellers were clearly guilty of breaking a regulation of the Commissioners in boarding the "Manchester Merchant" from a boat which was not duly licensed as a pilot boat, and therefore that they were not entitled to the pilotage; and the board further ruled (Commissioner St. George not voting) that the pilotage charges against the pilot boat "D. H. Penton" were due and payable to M. T. Craig, the first pilot speaking the steamship from a properly licensed pilot boat. The clerk of the board was instructed to notify the agents of the "Manchester Merchant" accordingly. Mr. Empe gave notice that he would appeal from the decision of the board.

With reference to the grounding of the British steamship Cella in the Cape Fear river while proceeding to Wilmington on May 31st, the clerk reported that this matter had been thoroughly investigated at the time by him and by the vice chairman, that reports had been secured from the master of the Cella and from the pilot in charge of the ship at the time of grounding, and that it appeared that the casualty was due to the fact that the Cella was proceeding very slowly up the river, in order to keep from sweeping the Quarantine doctor's launch with two men aboard which was towing alongside, and that her headway was not sufficient to permit proper steering.

It was brought out at the investigation that there was not sufficient work at the Quarantine station to permit the mooring of the Cella there for fumigation, which the Quarantine doctor had ordered; and fumigation was going on while the vessel proceeded up the river at a slow speed. The pilot claimed that he could have brought the ship safely to the city, without stranding had he been allowed to use ordinary speed.

It appeared, further, that after lighting some 400 tons of cargo, the Cella came clear about 10 o'clock P. M. on Saturday, June 1, 1912, and after proceeding some distance up the river, again grounded, this second grounding being due, it was claimed, to inadequate river lights. These river lights are now being greatly improved. The clerk reported further that the board had taken the matter up strongly with Senator Simmons, showing the cause of the first grounding of the Cella, and had urged him to endeavor to have the cause removed, by the securing of better water at the Quarantine Station, sufficient for the proper mooring of vessels for fumigation.

Report from the monthly bar soundings committee for June was received.

The clerk was instructed to cancel the license of the pilot boat Emma Bell, No. 8, this boat having originally been licensed in the name of Pilot A. C. Burriss, now deceased, but it seems that the present owners are using the boat for other purposes than those of pilotage.

The board confirmed the action of the vice chairman in giving Pilot T. M. Morse permission to run as pilot regularly, in and out of Wilmington, on any one particular boat belonging to the Laekenbach Towing Company, but this permission not to be understood to apply to any and all boats which the Luckenbach Towing Company might designate.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

L. BROWN MCKOY, Clerk.

WHEN FAGGOT OUT

"Take Warfield's Acid Phosphate. It is richly recommended as a tonic for overworked body and brain."

Why Will You?

Continue to keep in your house such important papers as Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages and Insurance Policies, when you can rent a Safe Deposit Box in our strong vaults for \$1.50 per year? In these boxes you may keep your jewelry and other valuables, and know that they are safe from Burglars and Fire.

We invite you to call and inspect our excellent equipment.

We also have larger boxes that range in price from \$4.00 to \$8.00 per year.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

"Safest for Savings."

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

Established Gain of 17.16 Per Cent. Shown in First Six Months of This Year—Report Made to Council Yesterday.

STILL MORE RAILROAD TALK

Reported That Mr. M. J. Hyer Was Approached for Rights-of-Way Through Property at Wrightsboro.

The air continues to be surcharged with rumors of another railroad coming into Wilmington and many of those who are closely in touch with such affairs declare that it is the Norfolk Southern. Few doubt but that some road is considering entering the city, and much interest is being manifested in the matter.

The latest rumor to lend further force to the reports is to the effect that persons representing a railroad have approached Mr. M. J. Hyer, of this city, to ascertain if he would grant the road a right-of-way through his property at Wrightsboro, and if so what he would charge for the right-of-way. It is said that Mr. Hyer told the persons representing the road that he would be glad to furnish a right-of-way and that he would make no charge for it, as he would be glad to see the road come into Wilmington.

When asked as to the report by a Star representative Mr. Hyer declared that he was not at liberty to discuss the matter at all. He did not deny the report that he had been approached regarding a right-of-way, but merely stated that he was not in a position to talk for publication.

It is understood that several different surveying parties have been at work in the northeastern section of the city and county during the past few weeks, but whether they were representing the same interests, or whether they were employed by different parties is not known. One local engineer admitted that he had been surveying in the section, but he stated that he could not give the names of the parties for whom he was working. He also stated that two other engineers' firms had been surveying in the same section, but that he did not know who they were working for.

There seems little doubt that there must be some definite movement back of all the rumors that have been in circulation for the past several weeks, and as one gentleman expressed it, "there here is so much smoke there must be some fire." The reports have seemed to point more particularly to the Norfolk Southern than to any other road and many believe that it will not be long before this road announces the fact that it is coming to Wilmington.

Real Estate Transfers

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: A. W. Pate and wife to H. A. Burr, Jr., and wife, for \$10, lot No. 4 in Block A, Seagate Park; B. O. Stone and wife to T. D. Parker, for \$100 and other considerations, lot on Meadow, 90 feet west of 12th street, 30x75 feet in size; E. S. Buck and wife to E. R. Akerman, for \$500 and other considerations, tract in Harnett township, on Scott's Hill road, containing about 7 1/2 acres; H. Wayland Colwell and wife to H. F. Wilber and J. VanB. Metts, for \$1,000 and other considerations, tract in Harnett township, on Wilmington-Wrightsville road, and old Greenville roads, containing about 25 acres.

Malaria Makes Pale Blood. The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria and builds up the system. For grown people and children, 50c.

Lumina Today
Athletic events at 3:00 P. M. Souvenir dance tonight.

"Take Warfield's Acid Phosphate. It is richly recommended as a tonic for overworked body and brain."

EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS.

Something of Farmers' Co-Operative Demonstration Work in South. Washington, July 2.—The Secretary of Agriculture is much interested in reports of the success of the educational work among farmers inaugurated by the United States Department of Agriculture under the organization known as the Farmers' Co-Operative Demonstration Work. He says that the secret of this success (if it is a secret) lies in the fact that so many men of local prominence and influence are found throughout the sections where this work is carried on who through unselfish motives are willing to sacrifice their personal interests if necessary in order to promote the general good of the communities in which they live.

A notable example of this altruistic spirit is shown in the instance of a demonstration agent for one of the populous counties of average area in southeastern Texas whose practice of the principles of good farming as laid down by the Department covers a period of three years. In the midst of boll weevil territory this agent, in 1911, produced 16 1/2 bales of cotton, netting him \$1,237, on 18 acres; and his corn averaged 75 bushels to the acre. While to devote his time to the work of demonstration of farming methods among his neighbors involves considerable sacrifice in a pecuniary sense, he states his willingness to make this sacrifice because, to quote his words, "I am deeply interested in the work and know that our people will be greatly benefited. I want to assist in pulling out of the rut hundreds of people who now barely make a living by robbing the land that refuses to be robbed any longer."

The influence of this demonstration work upon the rising generation of young people is most marked. The agent herein referred to has a son, 17 years of age, who, inspired by his father's example, won first prize in variety contests and also sweepstakes prize over all, in competition with other boys of his own and two adjoining counties. At the State fair last Fall the same boy won first prize in the variety class and second prize in sweepstakes, in a State-wide competition. In a contest before the Texas industrial Congress last Winter he was awarded a prize of \$100 for having produced 93 1/2 bushels of corn on an acre of ground and for the production of 1 1/4 bales of cotton on an acre.

Both father and son attribute their success entirely to the close application of instructions sent out by the Department of Agriculture.

STATEMENT FROM WOODRUFF.

Tells Why He Will Support Roosevelt for President.

New York, July 2.—Timothy L. Woodruff, former Lieutenant Governor of this State and a delegate from Brooklyn to the Republican National Convention, made public this afternoon a statement explaining why he chose to leave the Republican party and support Theodore Roosevelt.

"Deeply as I regret this severance of the political affiliations and associations of a lifetime," the statement says, "the action of the Chicago convention makes it imperative on every man who has been proud to call himself a Republican to rebel against forces so unscrupulous in the use of political power."

"This new party," Mr. Woodruff says, "will have the advantages of no sectionalism, no tariff complications growing out of past declarations, no entanglement which will prevent its using its best efforts to adjust on a perfectly equitable basis the relations between capital and labor, and no obligation of a pecuniary or other character which will hamper it in its effort so to control corporations and yet give all interests a square deal, as will insure the speedy restoration of prosperity."

DEATH RATE OF CITY LOWERED

Established Gain of 17.16 Per Cent. Shown in First Six Months of This Year—Report Made to Council Yesterday.

In a supplementary report to the City Council yesterday morning, Dr. Chas. T. Nesbitt, city superintendent of health, made the gratifying announcement that the death rate in Wilmington for the first six months of the present year shows a decided improvement over the same period last year, there being an established gain of 17.16. The announcement was received with greatest interest by members of the Council. The report is as follows:

"Council of the City of Wilmington. Gentlemen—I beg to report that during the first six months of the year 1912, there has been established a gain of 17.16 per cent. in the death rate of this city over the same period in 1911. This gain shows chiefly in deaths from bowel infections. Inasmuch as these infections are due almost solely to soil pollution it would seem reasonable to assume that at least part of this gain is due to the efforts made during the past year to control soil pollution in this city. It is also reasonable to assume that the extensions of the sewer as contemplated by the Council and the installation of some means of destroying by combustion the other polluting forms of waste will make a further great reduction in our local death rate.

"With the present facilities we are handling an average of eight tons of slops each day. In addition to this there is an average of one ton every day of carion and market refuse. The efficiency of this work is much impaired by the necessity for a long haul out of the city for disposal. With the means of disposal near at hand the efficiency of this department in conducting this work will be greatly increased. It is the present habit of this department to require the owners of dead animals of large size, the packing houses, and the private markets of the city to convey the bulky carion and other refuse outside the city for disposal. I would respectfully recommend that the city provide for the disposal of this material in order that the place of its deposit may be selected by this department and the manner of its disposal supervised."

Meeting of Sons of Jove.

Mr. Nicholas Lewis Walker, of Raleigh, Statesman for North Carolina of the Order of Rejuvenated Sons of Jove, a fraternal order of the electrical profession, which will hold its annual convention at the Oceanic Hotel Friday and Saturday with possibly a session today, arrived at the beach last night and with Mr. J. O. Bruce, of this city, is making final arrangements for the gathering. It is expected that there will be 200 or 300 electrical men at the beach for the meeting.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Miss Lila Seitter, of Winter Park Gardens, has gone to Charlotte to spend a few days.

Mr. H. L. Borden, of New York, city, who was called here on account of the death of his brother, Mr. Edwin Borden, has returned to his home.

Miss Mabel Jones, of Hillsboro, and Mrs. Eunice Hall, of Winston-Salem, are visiting Mrs. J. W. Smith, at her home, No. 113 North Sixth street.

Yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer: "Misses Gladys and Mildred Yates, Lucile Johns and Margaret Armfield have returned from a visit to Wilmington."

Mr. E. B. Borden, Mr. F. K. Borden, Mr. Chas. Dewey and Mrs. Jack Broadhurst, of Goldsboro, who were here to attend the funeral of Mr. Edwin Borden, returned home Tuesday night.

Savannah Morning News of Tuesday: "Misses Margaret Ellis left yesterday for Macon to attend the Log Cabin dance there last evening and will return today. Miss Ellis's guest, Miss Louise Wise, of Wilmington, accompanied her."

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Brand, of Savannah, Ga., who were here to attend the funeral of Mr. Edwin Borden, left yesterday for their home, accompanied by Misses Mary Louise Stover and Annie Mead Lynch, who will spend two weeks at Tybee Beach.

Mrs. L. Harvey and Miss May Harvey, of Kingston, who sailed for Europe in May, are spending this week in Lucerne. They are making an extensive European tour under the management of the Eager Tours Company of Baltimore, and will return from Ireland the latter part of August.

MISS KATHERINE BORNEMANN

BRIDE OF MR. S. H. CLOVER. Mr. Sidney H. Glover, of Raleigh, and Miss Katherine E. Bornemann, of this city, were very happily married yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock at St. Paul's Lutheran church, Rev. Dr. W. A. Snyder, the pastor, officiating.

The bride and groom were attended by Mr. R. H. Glendon and Miss Ellen Fick and Mr. N. D. Edwards and Miss Grace Bornemann, a sister of the bride. The impressive religious ceremony of the Lutheran church was used.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Dr. R. D. Ross, of Wadesboro, was a guest at The Orion yesterday.

—Mr. C. A. Floyd and son, of Fairmont, were guests at The Orion last evening.

—Messrs. A. F. Jones and J. J. McKoy, of Bolivia, were guests at The Orion last evening.

—Mr. J. A. O'Neil, of Burgaw, was a visitor to the city yesterday and is a guest at The Orion.

—Messrs. W. S. Gibson and X. G. Burnard, of Bennettsville, S. C., were guests at The Orion yesterday.

—Mr. W. J. Bryan Orr left yesterday for Washington and Baltimore, where he will spend several days on a pleasure trip.

—Among last evening's guests at The Orion were R. W. Livermore, B. W. Townsend and W. M. Jones, of Red Springs.

—Dr. M. H. B. Clark will leave this morning at 3:40 o'clock for Raleigh, where he will attend the North Carolina Dental Convention. He will return to Wilmington Monday.

—Mr. E. L. Smith, of the police department, left yesterday morning for Hendersonville, N. C., where he will spend some time for the benefit of his health, which his many friends hope will be much improved by a sojourn in the mountain climate.

—Among yesterday's guests at The Orion were John F. Huff, Charlotte; B. O. Townsend, Raynham; R. E. Little, Jr., Wadesboro; J. R. Fox, Newbern; Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Wilcox, Durham; Mr. and Mrs. M. McKinnon, Misses Ethel and Annie Johnson, Red Springs; Maxey L. John, Laurinburg; W. P. Murphy, Wallace; J. E. Newton, Newbern.

—Among yesterday's arrivals at The Southern were: A. H. Wilker, Bolton; F. J. Bullock, Rockingham; A. D. Wright, Rocky Point; L. P. Hobbs, Wallace; W. H. Fussell, Rose Hill; J. H. Maxwell, Whiteville; O. T. Teachey, Teachey; W. C. Burney, Wallace; J. Adams, Winston-Salem; Miss M. Edwards, West Virginia; R. D. Pridden, Currie; John W. Robinson, Scott's Hill.

—Capt. Harry O. McArthur, A. C. L. superintendent at Gainesville, Fla., was in the city Tuesday to attend the funeral of Mr. Edwin Borden. His name was unintentionally omitted from the list as given in yesterday's Star.

Capt. McArthur was formerly one of the city's popular conductors running into Wilmington and was a personal and devoted friend of the late Mr. Borden.

Cutting Affray Last Night. David Devane and Frank Davis, colored, quarreled and went together at 13th and Ann streets last night about 7:45 and both emerged from the combat pretty well sliced up. Devane had a knife wound across the back of his neck and Davis had a slash across one wrist. The negroes went to the hospital, where they were arrested by Philadelphia officers Jacobs and Frank George. Davis was brought to the police station after his wound had been dressed. Devane was more seriously injured and it was thought best to leave him at the hospital during the night.

Lumina Today. Athletic events at 3:00 P.M. Souvenir dance tonight.

JOINT MEETING YESTERDAY HURRAH FOR THE FOURTH

City Council and County Commissioners Met to Consider Means for Providing System of Disposing of Refuse, Etc.

For the purpose of discussing existing health conditions in New Hanover county, due to the violations of the law which prescribes that no refuse or carrion shall be deposited on or buried under the soil of the county, and of considering some means whereby a better system of disposal can be arranged, a joint meeting of the City Council and the Board of County Commissioners was held yesterday at the Court House. Members of the County Board of Health were also present.

Chairman D. McEachern, of the Board of County Commissioners, presided, and there were present: County Commissioner M. W. Divine, Mayor Joseph D. Smith, Councilmen B. C. Moore and M. G. Tiencken, Drs. E. J. Wood and Harlee Bellamy and Prof. Washington Catlett, county superintendent of public instruction; the last three named being members of the board of health; also Dr. W. D. McMillan, county superintendent of health, and County Attorney Marsden Bellamy.

After a full discussion of all phases of the question the meeting adjourned to install the Board of Health, which the City Council and the Board of County Commissioners will consider the question of providing an incinerator to dispose of garbage, carrion, etc., and that a committee will be appointed from each body to get together on the matter of co-operating in the expense of installing the incinerator, the city and the county to each bear its pro rata share of the cost.

Chairman McEachern stated the purpose of the meeting, which he said had been called following the passing of a law by the County Board of Health making it a misdemeanor for the city or any corporation, firm or individual to either deposit on or bury under the soil of New Hanover county after October 1st, 1911, any refuse, carrion, filth, garbage, etc. Mr. McEachern stated that he had been informed that the board of health intended to enforce the law, and that if it was violated after October 1st someone would be indicted.

In response to a request from the chairman, Dr. E. J. Wood read a report of the medical members of the County Board of Health showing that the law was being grossly violated at the present time by the City of Wilmington, and by many individuals.

He also read a letter from Dr. Chas. W. Stiles, of the United States public health service, in which the health expert gave some opinions as to the danger from soil pollution.

Councilman B. C. Moore, in charge of the Department of Public Safety, stated that he had investigated the matter of disposing of refuse, etc., recently and that it had been shown that an incinerator would serve for carrion, garbage, etc., but not for refuse. He said that he had also picked out a place down the river several miles below the city where a tract of land on the river could be rented by the city and a small basin with a flush pipe system installed, where the refuse could be hauled and discharged on a falling tide. This was being considered, he said, merely as a temporary arrangement, and he would not recommend it as permanent. He said that when the city settled the sewage controversy and installed a system, proper means for disposing of the refuse would be provided. He declared that the papers seemed to have more information than the Council, stating that he had seen it published that it was very likely that the city and the sewerage company would get together soon. Mr. Moore said that when the sewerage company made the Council a signed proposition the Council would consider it, but unless it did the city would go ahead and let the contract for sewerage the outlying districts of the city as has been spoken of.

Councilman Tiencken stated that it seemed to him that if the County Board of Health and the county superintendent of health had absolute authority in health matters, that the County Board of Commissioners should be the body to provide the means of carrying out their orders. Mr. McEachern pointed out that the County Board of Health is created by the laws of North Carolina and that it elects the county superintendent of health in accordance with the State laws.

Dr. M. W. Divine here interposed, saying that he was not in opposition to the proposition of providing some means of abating the violation of the law as it now exists, but that it did not seem right to ask a man living in Federal Point township to bear a part of the burden of the expense of disposing of Wilmington's refuse, and that the County Board of Health should be the body to provide the means of carrying out their orders.

County Attorney Marsden Bellamy informed the meeting that he did not think the county could be forced to bear part of the expense of installing an incinerator or other means of disposal, but that the Board of Commissioners had the right to authorize an expenditure of the county's money to help bear the expense if they thought it necessary.

Dr. Wood stated that he wished to make the position of the board of health clear. He said that it did not come within the province of the board to say what arrangements should be made to carry out the law, but that it, or at least a majority of the members, were determined that the law should be carried out. He said that conditions were getting worse every year, and that the time had come for some decisive action. He added further that he hoped to see the time when the board of health would pass a law compelling the abatement of all surface closets in the city.

He also added that he felt sure after a study of the public health laws of North Carolina that it was within the province of the County Board of Health and the county superintendent of health to condemn the system of the Wilmington Sewerage Company as a sanitary nuisance and thus remove any probability of litigation in case the city proceeded to establish a system of its own.

Chairman McEachern then stated

Independence Day Will be Generally Observed Here—Events at the Seaside Will Draw Large Crowds—Dance Tonight

Hurrah for the Glorious Fourth and a quiet day at the seaside!

Such will be the sentiments of hundreds of Wilmingtonians today, and many will observe the anniversary of the birth of the Nation in just such a manner. Though there will be no formal celebration, the day will be prettily generally observed and business in the city will be practically at a standstill.

At Wrightsville Beach there will be a number of interesting events for the diversion and amusement of those who spend the day there. These will include a yacht race over the course of the Carolina Yacht Club, the annual athletic meet conducted under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. at Lumina, and a souvenir dance at night. For those who do not care for such a strenuous programme Carolina Beach offers a delightful place to spend a quiet and restful day, with dancing for the young people.

Both resorts will draw large crowds. Special trains will be operated over the suburban line of the Tidewater to Wrightsville Beach and ample service is promised to take care of the large crowds. The steamer Wilmington will make her usual Sunday schedule to Carolina Beach and Southport, making three trips during the day to the former place.

The Yacht Race. The yacht race, which will be the first open race of the season, promises to be a most interesting one. There are over a dozen entries and keen rivalry has been manifested by the various captains. The race will begin promptly at 10:45, and all yachts will start together, instead of being divided into two classes, as formerly.

Among the entries for the race are the Don Julian, racing length 19.1 feet, time allowance; the Puzzle, 16.4 feet, 6 minutes and 40 seconds; the Dixie, 15.9 feet, 6 minutes and 55 seconds; the Elbee, 15.8 feet, 7 minutes and 5 seconds; and nine Class A yachts, 15.6 feet, 7 minutes and 38 seconds. All other boats starting in the race will be classed with the Don Julian and no handicap will be allowed. The above time allowance is based on a course length of 8.7 miles, which has been found to be correct.

The warning pennant will be raised on the club pier at 10:30; the preparatory signal of one gun fired at 10:40; the starting signal at 10:45. Upon request of the captain of any yacht, or any member of his crew, stating that their boat cannot reach the starting line in time for the starting gun, a delay of 15 minutes will be granted, but under no circumstances will the starting be delayed more than 15 minutes. After the preparatory signal has been fired no delay will be granted.

The course will be from the club pier to Masonboro buoy, thence to hotel buoy, passing to east of same; thence to Mott's channel buoy; thence to hotel buoy, passing to east of same; thence to Masonboro buoy; thence to hotel buoy; thence to Masonboro buoy, and thence to finish at club pier. All boats are to be rounded into the wind unless otherwise specified. All capstans shall report at the pier at conclusion of race as to whether or not they have made any fouls.

The Athletic Events.

The athletic and aquatic events will be held in front of Lumina and will begin promptly at 3 P.M. The greatest interest has been manifested in the different events by the local athletes and there are 159 entries in the various contests. Handsome prizes will be awarded to the winners. Among the events are the 100 yard dash in three classes; running broad jump in two classes; sack race in two classes; girls' flag race in two classes; potato race in two classes; 220 yard dash in two classes; half mile canoe race through surf and quarter mile swimming race through surf.

At Night.

The souvenir dance will be given at night and is most likely that the largest crowd of the season will attend. The pavilion will be especially decorated for the occasion and appropriate souvenirs will be awarded to each lady in the grand march. The orchestra will render an especially attractive programme of music for the dance.

QUIET MARRIAGE CEREMONY.

Mr. Alex. B. Mintz and Miss Viola Bordeaux, of New York, were united in marriage last evening at 9 o'clock at the home of Rev. J. S. Crowley, pastor of Immanuel Presbyterian church, No. 508 South Third street, where he performed the ceremony that joined together the bride and groom.

The ceremony was performed in the presence of only a few close friends of the bride and groom, but was very charming in its nature. At its close those present showered congratulations and best wishes upon the happy couple.

Mr. and Mrs. Mintz will make their home for the present at the home of Mrs. Caledonia Bordeaux, the mother of the bride, at No. 906 South Third street. The groom is a well known young man and is in the employ of the A. C. L. railroad. His bride is a most charming young woman. Both are popular among a wide circle of friends.

—A. G. Ricard, Esq., who has been seriously ill at his home at The Hammocks for some days, is able to be out again, his many friends will be glad to learn.

that it seemed no use to continue the discussion, as all the facts had been discussed. He stated that for his part he felt sure that the Board of Commissioners would be willing to co-operate with the City Council in providing an incinerator, and he suggested that the two bodies discuss the matter at their own meetings and later appoint a committee from each to meet and arrange the pro rata share that the city and county should pay. Adjournment was then taken.

Lumina Today. Athletic events at 3:00 P.M. Souvenir dance tonight.

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

The Misses Kirkpatrick, of Atlanta, Ga., are two very charming guests at the Seashore Hotel.

Mrs. R. D. Hunter and children, of Savannah, Ga., are spending a few days at the Hanover Inn.

Mrs. B. A. Atkinson, Miss Jane H. Strang and Miss L. Martin, of Wilmington, are spending the Summer at the Oceanic Hotel.

Yesterday afternoon's Fayetteville Observer: "Mrs. H. L. Cook and children left this morning for Wrightsville Beach to spend a few weeks."

Mrs. E. J. Thomas and Miss Sadie Archibald, of Waycross, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Woodward, of Wilmington, were guests at the Oceanic Hotel yesterday.

Tuesday's Rocky Mount Telegram: "Miss Clara Gibson left on the afternoon train yesterday for Wrightsville Beach for a month's stay as a guest at Queen's Cottage."

Miss May Daingerfield, of Charlotte, who has been slightly indisposed at the Seashore Hotel for several days, has completely recovered, her many friends will be glad to know.

Messrs. Dupus, McClesky, Otter Young, Harry Dunn and Mr. Scott went out from the Oceanic Hotel yesterday morning in the sharpie Edwin and caught about 100 fish, including four large shark.

Yesterday's Charlotte Observer: "Miss Edna Ellerbe, of Marion, S. C., who spent ten days in the city with Mrs. J. L. McClintock, has gone to Wrightsville to join a party of friends and spend some time."

After a stay of ten days at the Seashore Hotel, Miss Jennie Mobley, a most attractive young lady of Atlanta, will return home today. Miss Mobley is a popular favorite at the beach and has been the recipient of many social attentions.

Lumina has been handsomely decorated for the Fourth and the gay pavilion presents a most patriotic and attractive appearance with the wealth of flags and bunting. Fourth of July souvenirs will be awarded at the souvenir dance tonight.

Mr. J. G. Gause, of Atlanta, Ga., arrived yesterday to spend a few days at the Oceanic. He is the father of Miss Marguerite Gause, a most attractive young lady, who has been spending some time at the resort. They will return to Atlanta Sunday.

Managers of the beach hotels were advised yesterday afternoon that no less than five, and probably more, Pullmans will leave Atlanta this afternoon with Georgians for Wrightsville Beach. At the hour the message was sent tickets for more than four Pullmans had been sold. In addition to the Pullmans a number will come in the day coaches.

The Tidewater Power Company is installing a second soda fountain on the bottom floor near the southeast corner of the pavilion. The fountain is in full view of the ocean and where the salt breezes have unobstructed access to the place. The new fountain will be completed in a day or two. Mr. William Ortmann is in charge of the refreshment department at Lumina this year.

Capt. Edgar L. Hinton, manager of the Seashore Hotel, said yesterday that his hotel is practically filled with guests and others are arriving on almost every train. He expects the crowd to hold up until the close of the season. In addition to the regular guests there will be a large number to enjoy Fourth of July dinner or supper at The Seashore today. Capt. Hinton has prepared an especially tempting menu for dinner.

A souvenir dance will be given at Lumina Friday night in honor of the order of "Jovians" who have their annual rejuvenation at the beach this week. The "Jovians" is an order composed of men engaged in the electrical business. It is said to be a very large order and there will be at least 100 members at this rejuvenation, many of them coming from far distant points. Many of the members are already here having come to the beach for the Fourth.

The popular Oceanic Hotel orchestra has been augmented and strengthened by the addition of Mr. John F. Kneisel, leader of the Lumina orchestra, and one of the best known musicians in this part of the country. Mr. Kneisel will assume the directorship of the orchestra, relieving Mrs. Ignatius Fried, who has filled this position so acceptably since the opening of the season. Mrs. Fried, a violinist of note, will remain with the orchestra, relinquishing only the leadership. The orchestra is now composed of six pieces.

Among last night's arrivals at the Oceanic Hotel were Geo. W. Long, Graham; Nicholas Lewis Walker, Raleigh; A. B. Ramsey, R. E. Little, Baltimore; J. J. Gossler, Jr., Newbern; H. Smith, Monroe; J. C. Dibrill, Raleigh; Miss Ida Yerkes, Danville, Pa.; W. B. Jones, Norfolk; Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Boney, Wallace; H. J. Boney, Rose Hill; W. W. Peachey, Henderson; W. H. Brown, North Carolina; F. W. Donolly, Greensboro; H. E. Cooley, Richmond; E. N. Snow, Greensboro; Paul Perkinson, New York city.

Among yesterday's arrivals at the Oceanic Hotel were the following: J. J. Thomas, Waycross, Ga.; James Thomas, Shelby; Mrs. H. B. Thomas, Burgh; J. H. Snipes, Charlotte; Mr. and Mrs. Fleming, S. Bailey, Griffin, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Rains and children, Mrs. Rix Stafford, Mrs. M. P. Cooleedge and N. P. Cooleedge, J. G. Gause, John J. Woodside, Jr., J. H. Whitten, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Middlebrook, Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Wilcox, Durham; W. H. Green, Charlotte; E. R. Norris, Asheville; Robt. H. Breeze, Brevard.

The arrivals at the Seashore Hotel yesterday included the following: Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Ryttenberg, Sumter, S. C.; Mr. and Mrs. E. Colwell and

For Motor Car Lubrication

USE **Polarine** OIL

It leaves practically no carbon deposit on cylinders and spark plugs and its lubricating and cushioning qualities are unsurpassed. We have had many years' experience in the oil business, and we believe Polarine is the best automobile oil yet produced.

Insist on Getting the Original POLARINE Package. For Sale Everywhere. STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated in New Jersey)

child, Greensboro; Miss Pauline Barfield and Miss Alice Barfield, Kinston; Chas. G. Edwards, Charlotte; Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Dorsey and Miss Louise Dorsey, Athens, Ga.; Mrs. E. K. VanWinkle, Edward VanWinkle, Jr., Mrs. Josephine E. Purse, J. Lucian Wyatt, Atlanta, Ga.; V. W. McCarmack, New York city; Fred D. Strudwick, Greensboro; T. N. Menon, Birmingham; W. L. DeRosset, Charlotte; Mrs. A. M. Alexander, Miss Julia Alexander and L. B. Alexander, Spartanburg, S. C.

At the Hanover Inn Manager Warren H. Williams is preparing to entertain a large number of the Fourth of July visitors at the resort. The front of Hanover is attractively decorated in flags and bunting and presents a most patriotic appearance. The Hanover has made a specialty of dining room service all the season and the dinner to be served today will be a culinary masterpiece. The menu is as follows:

Cavair sur Canape
Green sea turtle soup, aux Quenelles
Spanish Olives Gherkins
Stuffed Mangoes
Baked Sea Bass with Shrimp
Potatoes, Parisienne
Cheese Straws
Broiled Spinach with Egg
Fried Spring Chicken, country style
Apricot Fritters, glace au cognac
Roast Ribs of Prime Beef au jus
Loaf of Pork, Barbecue Sauce
Stuffed Green Peppers
Quarted Tomatoes, on Mayonnaise
Deviled Crabs with Pimientos
New Green Corn on the Cob
California Asparagus, Drawn Butter
Creamed New Potatoes,
Steamed Rice Corn Pone
Hanover Punch

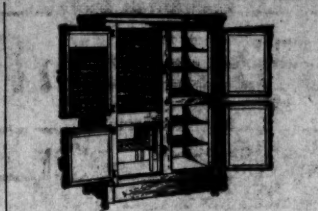
The Oceanic Hotel will no doubt prove one of the most popular places on the beach today and it is expected that a hundred or more, in addition to the regular guests, will register for dinner at this popular hostelry. Mr. Jesse N. Couch, the popular manager, announces a menu that would be hard to equal. The menu will be as follows: Consomme Printaniere

Queen Olives Salted Almonds
Sweet Pickles
Boiled Sheephead Sauce Bernaise
Potatoes Duchess Italiana Relish
Fried Chicken, Southern Style
Corn Fritters
Petit Filet of Beef a la Rosanna
Souffle Fruit Sauce
Iced Scuppernon
Roast Prime Beef, au jus
Roast Philadelphia Capon Dressing, Brown Gravy
Roast Westphalia Ham
Champagne Sauce
Sliced Tomatoes
New Potatoes Steamed Rice
French Peas Asparagus Tips
Corn on the Cob Lemon Tart
Huckleberry Pie
Pineapple Ice Cream
Fancy Jumbles Lady Fingers
Macaroons
Iced Watermelon
American and Edam Cheese
Tea Coffee

An announcement of much interest to the little folks and one that will be learned of with keen delight by them was made by Manager Jesse N. Couch, of the Oceanic Hotel, yesterday, that on Saturday morning a children's dance will be given in the fine ball room of the hotel. All children under 14 years old are cordially invited to attend and participate in the dance and the parents are invited to accompany their children and are assured of a most hearty welcome. Music will be furnished by the Oceanic Hotel orchestra, of which Mr. John F. Kneisel is director, and dancing will be the order from 10 to 12 o'clock. There will be one German figure and favors will be given. There will be attractive souvenirs of the happy occasion. The dance will be led by Miss Kate Northrop and Miss Florrie Northrop. Arrangements for the affair have been made by Mrs. Jesse N. Couch, which within itself is a guarantee that it will be highly successful. Announcement was also made that this event will formally inaugurate the

Washington, July 3.—Schedules proposing advances of the freight rates on coal from Galveston to destinations in Louisiana filed by the Southwest era lines, today were suspended by the Inter-State Commerce Commission from July 6th until January 6th, 1913.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE RHEUMATISM KIDNEYS AND BLADDER
CONTAIN NO HARMFUL OR HABIT FORMING DRUGS
FOR SALE BY ROBT. R. BELLAMY.



McCRAY Refrigerators

have such a vigorous circulation of cold air that a damp cloth will dry out in one of them as readily as tho' it were placed in the sun on a windy day.

Open the door of a McCray Refrigerator and feel the dry, cold air, as sweet and pure as a mountain top breeze.

If you are thinking of buying a refrigerator, it will pay you to inspect the exclusive sanitary features of the McCray.

Let us welcome you to our Store, and show you this Beautiful Line of Refrigerators. Catalogue on Application

N. JACOBI Hardware Co.

10 and 12 South Front St.

Coming and Going

BOILERS, ENGINES, STRUCTURAL STEEL, SHEET AND CAR IRON, SHAFTING, BOILER RIVETS, and ALL CLASSES OF MACHINERY, IRON AND STEEL.

We are the dealers in heavy iron Goods for this section. Call on us and get the right goods, at the right prices.

Wilmington Iron Works

Established in 1858.

PROPOSALS WANTED.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of Wm. E. Springer, chairman of building committee, Independent Ice Co., of Wilmington, N. C., until 12 o'clock noon, July 15, 1912, and then publicly opened for the construction of a reinforced concrete cold storage warehouse.

Separate proposals wanted for Plumbing, Electric Wiring, Plunger Elevator, Cork Insulation, Refrigeration, etc.

An acceptable bond will be required of successful bidders. Plans and Specifications may be had at the office of J. F. Leitner, architect, Wilmington, N. C.

The right is reserved to accept any or reject all bids.

WM. E. SPRINGER, Chairman Building Committee.

Je 30-41-Jl 15.

Colonial Inn

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

EUROPEAN PLAN

All outside Rooms, Moderate Rates A La Carte Restaurant Will Be Opened About June 30th.

Alpha Bath Caps! Latest Styles

Mission Pharmacy

ERNEST J. SCHABELITZ General Contractor Princess Building WILMINGTON, N. C.

Water and Damp Proof Reinforced Concrete Houses, Dams, Bridges, Sidewalks, Etc.

MADE BY Southern Map Company

BLUE-PRINTS SOUTHERN BUILDING.

PLANS DEPEND ON

T. R. S. THRO PARTY

(Continued from Page One.)

camped on his porch, climbed on the brass cannon in front of his residence and persisted in the hand-shaking until the Governor's right arm was sore and stiff.

But the Governor did not show that he minded. He had a smile for each new comer and a hand clasp even for the smallest girls and the boys who would vote for a dozen years or more.

When they would not come in, the Governor went out and waved his hand or took off his soft, brown hat.

In the midst of all this present-day activity bit by bit there are coming to light incidents of Governor Wilson's making during the convention and immediately prior thereto. Today his secretary told the history of the telegram to William J. Bryan in answer to Mr. Bryan's message declaring against the selection of Alton B. Parker as temporary chairman of the convention.

"As soon as Mr. Bryan's message became public, even before it reached the Governor," the secretary said, "the Wilson managers at Baltimore got the Governor on the telephone."

"Don't answer the message until you hear from us," they begged, and the Governor said he would not.

"Down at Baltimore they rigged up a rough draft of a reply and sent it to the Governor. He read it and handed it to me. It dodged the issue. The Governor took it from my hands. 'It won't do, Joe,' he said, as he tore it into bits. 'The people expect more than this of me. It wouldn't be just to them or myself if I used this. We'll fix up another one.'"

"He took a pad and placed it across his knee and wrote his answer to Mr. Bryan without crossing out a single word he had put down."

Governor Wilson had many pleasant interchanges of courtesies with his visitors today, many of these members of other parties than that of which he is the standard bearer. He was hailed by a man with a moving picture machine and bowed and smiled and looked east and west and did a dozen other things for the films. Not a step was made outside his doorway that will not be thrown on the screen.

It seemed as every visitor today was an old classmate, a former pupil, a dear, dear friend, or a political astrolger who had known that it was going to happen ever so long ago. There were a dozen who "used to call him Tommy," scores who could quote his exact language on innumerable occasions and topics; hundreds who knew he was a man of destiny and seemingly innumerable "original Woodrow Wilson" men. And they did not mind saying so.

Henry C. Campbell, editor of the Milwaukee Journal, a Republican, begged the Governor to put Wisconsin down for a visit in his campaign.

Ryan Issues Statement. Baltimore, Md., July 3.—Thomas F. Ryan, the financier, who was a delegate from Virginia to the Democratic National Convention, tonight authorized the following statement:

"The Baltimore convention has registered the independent will of the Democratic party through its chosen delegates, and it is the duty of every Democrat without regard to party preferences, to accept that decision with good will and no regrets, and to go into the coming battle with courage and determination to make Governor Wilson President."

"We should all contribute every effort in our power, dictated by good judgment and honest considerations to accomplish this result. The party is united, and as the campaign progresses I believe it will gain the confidence of the country and that an overwhelming majority of the American people will conclude that the best interests of the Republic and all its people, without regard to class or condition, will be best served by placing the Democratic party in power."

JUDGE HANFORD INQUIRY.

Some Say Judge Was Drunk—Other Witnesses Deny It.

Seattle, Wash., July 3.—The House of Representatives Judiciary Committee tonight concluded its third day of inquiry into the alleged intemperate habits of United States District Judge Cornelius H. Hanford. The last of the bartender witnesses was heard and also it is stated the last of the private detectives who shadowed Judge Hanford last Fall. Many witnesses today testified that they had never seen the judge intoxicated.

One witness unwillingly gave damaging testimony. He was Dr. Herman Titus, a graduate of the Harvard Medical School and widely known as a Socialist lecturer and writer.

Dr. Titus was asked if he had ever seen Judge Hanford intoxicated. He said that one night last January he saw the judge in a street car, that his head fell first to one side and then to the other and that on waking he started awake as though in a stupor. Dr. Titus said the judge seemed to be drunk.

Judge Thomas Burke, Rev. Mark A. Matthews, moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly, and Dr. Park Weed Willis testified that Hanford was sober when he attended a public lecture where detectives swore he was apparently intoxicated. Judge Burke, Hanford's closest friends for many years, testified that he had never seen him intoxicated and that Hanford's mannerisms was mistaken for drunkenness.

St. Paul, Minn., July 3.—The Progressive party being organized under the leadership of Theodore Roosevelt cannot take part in the primaries in Minnesota this Fall, according to an opinion issued by Attorney General Lyndon A. Smith today. He says the party has no legal standing here and cannot qualify under the primary law. He points out, however, that nominations may be made by petition under certain circumstances.

Huron, S. D., July 3.—Every effort of the Taft forces in the Republican State convention last night to secure an endorsement of the Taft candidacy or to instruct the five electors for him was futile. The electors are unimpaired. The Progressives controlled the convention, which is among the first State Republican convention to be held since the Republican National Convention.

WOMEN'S CLUB FEDERATION.

Contest for Presidency Is On—Question of Suffrage.

San Francisco, July 3.—High tension in the contest for the presidency of the General Federation of Women's Clubs was softened today by the appeal to feminine sympathies and the genuine distress felt over the illness of Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker, of Denver, former president of the Federation. Mrs. Decker was stricken last night and was removed to a hospital. A consulting physician, asked if appendicitis was threatened, said he could not make any statement about the case until further observation.

The nomination committee of the Federation met today. Managers of the two candidates for the Federation presidency were busy. Mrs. J. C. Terrell, of Texas, campaign manager for Mrs. Percy V. Pennington, of that State, and Miss Mary Garrett Hay, of New York, working for Mrs. Philip Carpenter, worked steadily, lining up delegates for the election, which is to be held tomorrow.

Despite efforts to keep out the suffrage question, it appeared today to be an active factor in the presidential contest. Mrs. Carpenter, in two public statements, has declared herself an active suffrage worker. Whether for this reason she would attract to her standard the faction which wishes the suffrage question acted upon by the Federation was widely discussed. The total vote of the convention is 972, of which California has an equal vote, with 208. Equal suffrage in this State, however, carried by a slight majority at the election and no poll has been made to show how many of the Eastern delegates are suffragettes.

One of the pleasant incidents of the outing yesterday in Alameda county was the visit that several hundred delegates made to the home of Joaquin Miller, "poet of the Sierras." The aged poet received his visitors with much pleasure and his daughter, Juanita, read to them a poem that had been written in honor of the occasion.

MANY SOCIAL EVENTS.

Olympic Athletes Train and Have a Good Time.

Stockholm, July 3.—Today was devoted to training by the athletes and to social evenings by the Olympic representatives from the various countries. Col. Robert M. Thompson, of the New York Athletic Club, gave a dinner on the yacht Katrina to the Olympic committee composed of the representatives of all nationalities. The dinner was served on deck and Crown Prince Gustave Adolph, Baron Combertin, the American and British ministers, Jas. E. Sullivan, the United States special commissioner and other prominent Americans attended.

The original purpose of the Olympiad, which was to promote international friendship, seems likely to be accomplished. The Americans and British are training together in the most friendly way.

GEORGIA SUPPORTS WILSON.

Legislature Adopted Resolutions Congratulating the Democratic Nominee.

Atlanta, Ga., July 3.—The Georgia House of Representatives today adopted resolutions congratulating Woodrow Wilson on his nomination and pledging him support of the State's Democracy. The Senate adopted resolutions of congratulations.

This State went for Underwood in the preferential primary and its delegates voted for the Alabama until the last ballot.

One Representative offered a resolution to the effect that as Representative John R. Spence of Carroll county had a son who arrived yesterday it was suggested he be named Woodrow Wilson. This was adopted.

THE DARROW TRIAL.

Two Tentative Jurors in McNamara Case Testify.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 3.—In the bribery trial of Clarence S. Darrow today two tentative jurors in the McNamara trial, J. Kruger and Frank R. Smith, told of futile efforts by Ben H. Franklin to bribe them. The wife of Robert F. Bain, the first juror sworn to try that case, testified to her part in the corruption of her husband by Franklin, whom Darrow is alleged to have employed.

The remainder of the day was devoted largely to examination of witnesses connected with local banks as to money transactions between Darrow and Franklin.

TAMMANY IN LINE.

District Clubs Pledge Their Support to Woodrow Wilson.

New York, July 3.—Several of the big Tammany district clubs prepared today to launch immediately a campaign in behalf of Wilson and Marshall. Wilson banners were flung to the breeze from their various headquarters and scores of portraits of the two candidates appeared at the club house windows.

Most of the Tammany class appear to be hearty in their endorsement of the ticket and announcement of their intent to "sweep the city for Wilson," will be made vociferously at numerous Fourth of July gatherings.

ATTEMPT ASSASSINATION.

Chinaman Tries to Shoot Governor of Hong Kong.

Hong Kong, July 3.—An attempt was made to assassinate Sir Francis Henry May, the Governor of Hong Kong, today. A Chinese rushed at the Governor near the postoffice and fired a revolver, but the bullet merely perforated the chair in which the Governor was seated without doing further harm. The attack caused intense excitement.

Sir Francis Henry May was appointed Governor of Hong Kong February 16th last to succeed Brigadier General S. Frederick J. D. Luger.

Baltimore, July 3.—Claiming he was acting by orders of a robbery, a man moving pictures and need of money to celebrate the Fourth, Joseph Plaisant, 18 years old, tonight pointed a pistol at J. Burns Doyle and demanded that he surrender a satchel containing \$300 in cash which he was taking from his place of business. Doyle started to run, but was halted when Plaisant fired a shot at him. After getting the satchel Plaisant himself started to run away, but was captured after a short chase.

Lumina Today

Athletic events at 3:00 P.M. Souvenir dance tonight.

THE WILSON FAMILY

Wife and Daughters of Future President Are Talented.

Seaside, N. J., July 3.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the Democratic Presidential nominee, is an artist of considerable ability and a number of her paintings adorn the walls of the "Little White House" here. At one time she expected to make a profession of painting. It was she who was responsible for the Governor spending his Summers at Old Lyme, Conn., where there is a large artist colony and the Governor enjoyed it too. "For," said Mrs. Wilson today, "the change from the academic to the artistic atmosphere proved enjoyable, as well as beneficial to his health."

Mrs. Wilson's three daughters are all talented. They resemble their father closely in looks. Margaret, the oldest, has a fine soprano voice and often joins her father after dinner in singing a duet. Jessie, the second daughter, is a settlement worker in Philadelphia. Eleanor, the youngest, inherits her mother's bent for painting and is studying art at a New York school.

WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE.

General Federation of Women's Clubs Will Tackle Subject.

San Francisco, July 2.—The woman suffrage question is looming large in the convention here of the General Federation of Women's Clubs. It seems certain that the advocates of the cause will force the issue from the floor of the convention, probably on Friday, when the delegates come to the consideration of the report of the board of resolutions that have been submitted for approval or rejection. There still remain two days in which resolutions may be sent to the board, but it is likely that the woman suffrage advocates will submit a resolution on the subject to that body, as they will prefer to take it directly to the convention and thus avoid possibility of an adverse report by the board.

The conservative delegates believe that as an organization the Federation cannot endorse any issue that does not properly belong to its work, which is along educational lines. The endorsement of suffrage would inject into the convention a political issue.

OSBORNE FOR WILSON.

Original Roosevelt Man Will Support Democratic Nominee.

Lansing, Mich., July 3.—Governor Osborne, an ardent Roosevelt supporter during the colonel's battle for the Republican Presidential nomination, today issued a statement in which he declared his belief "that there is no necessity for a new political party."

He also stated he hoped Roosevelt would not be a candidate.

"The issue is clearly joined for the people," said the Governor in his statement. "It is Woodrow Wilson."

Woodrow Wilson's character, temperament, preparation and fitness is above the high average of American Presidents. He is a Christian, a scholar and a fearless citizen.

Republicans can vote for Wilson without leaving their party or bolting. The real Republican party has no candidate for President this year. There has been no nomination. The action of the political freebooters at Chicago is not binding upon the Republican party even if for the moment they are bearing aloft its stolen ensign."

AN ATLANTA MYSTERY.

Young Business Man Found Wounded in Building.

Atlanta, Ga., July 2.—Mystery surrounds the shooting of Z. R. Upchurch, a young business man, who was found in an upper corridor of a big office building early this morning with a bullet in his side. Emmet Hight, a member of one of the most prominent families in this part of the State, is held by the police. He is badly beaten up. He says he doesn't remember shooting the other.

After Upchurch was found, the police went on a hunt for the other young man who had been implicated by persons in the building. He was located in a private hospital, where he had gone to have dressed several head wounds, apparently inflicted by some one's fists, and body injuries thought to have been received when he was kicked across a room.

It is thought the two engaged in a fight. Neither will talk about it, however.

COTTON CONDITION REPORT

Two and a Half Million Reduction in Acreage; Condition Lower

Washington, July 3.—The Department of Agriculture's preliminary estimate of the acreage planted to cotton in the United States this year, which by act of Congress was deferred from June to this month and hereafter will be announced annually in July, was made public at noon today and shows the area planted to be 24,097,000 acres, compared with 26,631,000 acres indicated by the Bureau of Statistics' revised estimate of last year's planted area.

The condition of the growing crop on June 25th was 80.4 per cent of a normal condition, as compared with 88.2 per cent June 25th last year and 80.7 per cent the average condition for the past ten years on June 25th.

Norfolk, Va., July 1.—Unable to get firemen the naval colliers Brutus and Sterling may not sail from this port tomorrow. With a strike of firemen and coal passers now in force here, efforts by the government agents to sign a fire room crew for the colliers failed today. The men refused to sign unless they were permitted to do so for one cruise only and were guaranteed better food than they have been receiving. The Navy Department was notified of the situation and temporary agreement with the strikers may be reached tomorrow.

Dr. Biggers' Huckleberry Cordial should be kept on hand as a first aid cure for summer bowel troubles, diarrhoea, dysentery, cramp colic, cholera, morbus and all agonizing pains resulting from eating green fruit. A few doses of Dr. Biggers' Huckleberry Cordial will prevent any danger and cure you at once. Dr. Biggers' Huckleberry Cordial is a remedy, tested and tried in thousands of homes. Try it; 25c and 50c at all drug stores. Send for Complete Verifier's Souvenir Book, 75c. Hattiwanger-Taylor Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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PROFESSION OF DENTISTRY.

Annual Address by Dr. P. E. Horton—Uniformity of Requirements.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Raleigh, N. C., July 3.—In an annual address before the North Carolina State Dental Society tonight President P. E. Horton, of Winston-Salem, lamented the fact that the membership of the society is not increasing in proportion to the growth of the number of dentists in the State, and urged that the State Board of Examiners hereafter meet far enough in advance of the annual meetings of the society to admit of those examined successfully being received at once into membership. The society, he believes to be an indispensable factor in the advancement of the science of dentistry. He approved the plan of the National Association to establish a home for aged and infirm members of the profession. He appealed for professional honesty not only that honesty that impels the payment of debts but that spirit that makes a man scrupulous to a nicety in everything that touches professional honor and personal verity. He criticised the tendency toward demand that dentists be required to master the whole field of surgery and medicine as well as the workmanship of dentistry, declaring that successful surgeons and physicians specialize and could not possibly master and excel in all branches of their profession. He regretted that indications are that he hoped for inter-State dental law for uniformity of requirements is yet seemingly far away, and advocated the appointment of a North Carolina committee to work to this end in co-operation with the associations of other States.

IT'S ALL SETTLED.

Railway and Steamship Lines Divide Immigrant Travel.

New York, July 3.—All railway lines which participate in maintaining the joint ticket agency at Ellis Island share equally in the business of transporting immigrants to their destinations, and in all instances where tickets cost more than \$2.50 the railway pays a 10 per cent. commission to the steamship lines for such business, according to testimony of C. C. McCain, chairman of the Trunk Line Association, today. He appeared at the hearing of the government suit against the "shipping trust" as alleged to be constituted in the business of the North Atlantic conference of steamship lines.

The immigrants do not choose the railway lines they take and are not even consulted in the matter, the witness admitted. The hearing adjourned to Tuesday next.

INDEPENDENT LEAGUE.

Negroes Will Decide Which Candidate to Support.

Philadelphia, July 3.—Delegates representing eight States were present here today at the opening session of the fifth annual convention of the National Independent Political League, an organization of negro voters. Six more States are expected to be represented at tomorrow's sessions when it will be decided which of the Presidential candidates will be supported by the league. Sentiment among the delegates today appeared to be equally divided between Wilson, Taft and Roosevelt for endorsement. Candidates for Congress who agree to support legislation against lynching and oppose the restriction of the franchise in the Southern States will also be endorsed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. L. Gore Co.—Field Peas. New Nylon—Follow the Crowd. American National Bank—Style of Advertising. Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.—Wants Your Account.

Business Locals. For Rent—Beach Cottage. For Sale—Land and Residence. Wanted—Second Hand Bicycle. James Owen Realty—Furnished House.

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25c. One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will accept without charge, a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department on request by Phone to No. 51. A Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service calls will be made, or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams; bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union." But for advertising, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone, but upon request Messengers will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

FURNISHED HOUSE. No. 5 Church street, for rent. Has all modern conveniences. James Owen Realty, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. Jy3-3c

FOR SALE at a bargain, if sold quick, five acres of land and nice dwelling at Lehigh. Address L. C. Adams, Leland, N. C. Jy4-8c

FOR RENT A furnished cottage on Weatherside, near Northside Extension. Possession given immediately. See H. E. Bonits or C. D. Maffitt. Jy4-1c

BICYCLE WANTED—Good second hand wheel. Give name, condition and price. Address "Bicycle" General Delivery, City. Jy4-1c

THIS MORNING—We will be open. Those little articles you forgot to get yesterday. Telephone us about them. L. T. New. Phone 1938. Jy4-1c

BUY YOUR LUNCHEONS from B. May's Delicatessen and do away with work and worry during the hot weather. Prices are right. 139 Market street. Phone 522. Jy3-1c

WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars; cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and ad copy work. "Harries" Typewriting and Advertising Co., 114 Prince street; phone 708. del-tu, su, th, fr Jy4-1c

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—Tick-colored Pointer, answers to name "Joe." Disappeared from Currie, N. C., June 1st. Reward for information or return to D. N. Lucas, Currie, N. C. Ju 4-2c

FOR SALE—Rough and dressed pine and cypress boards, flooring, ceiling, weather boarding and lath. Reasonable prices, quick delivery. Phone 538. Camp Manufacturing Co. my30-tu, th, sa, su Jy3-1c

FOR RENT—One nice seven room two-story house, with large shady yard; good water; No. 516 McLaure street. Apply to P. P. Lamb, 520 McLaure street; phone 420. Jy3-6c

WANTED—Young lady wants position as book-keeper or cashier; thoroughly experienced; best references. Address "Experienced," care Star. Jy3-5c-3c

WANTED AT ONCE—Good boarding house keeper for saw mill camp, within fifteen miles of Florence, S. C. Have good water, electric lights. House well furnished and rent reasonable. Have an average of fifteen men boarders and payment of board guaranteed. A money-making place for right party. Address P. D. Malt, care Star. Jy3-10c

FOR RENT—Carolina Apartment, Southern exposure, second floor; house thoroughly screened; furnished or unfurnished. Address "H," care Star. Jy3-3c

FOR SALE—Two lots on Perry Avenue, Carolina Place. Most desirable locations only 100 feet from car line. Address "Investment," Box 501, City. Jy3-2c

MEN WANTED—To learn automobile business. Why work hard for small pay? Experts earn big salaries. We teach you. Wilmington Automobile School, 114 N. Second street. P. O. Box 124. my11-tf

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION—Practical auto, instruction given by us on the latest cars and in the best equipped shop in the State. Easy terms. Wilmington Automobile School, 114 N. Second street. P. O. Box 124. my11-tf

BARGAINS in a fine line of Trunks, Suit Cases and Hand Bags. Also in all kinds of undecorated pledges. Save money and see Uncle Charles, 16 S. Front street. Jy3-1c

WRITE US for special Summer proposition. Our place will please you. White Sulphur Springs, Mt. Airy, N. C. Jy4-30c

BUICK AND PALMER RINGER Automobiles, now at Queen City Cycle Co. Jy2-tf

FOR SALE at a bargain, one five-passenger Mitchell touring car in first class condition. Original cost, \$2,000. Address "Automobile," care Morning Star. Jy3-tf

DIAMONDS Watches Silverware Cut Glass

A. O. SCHUSTER JEWELER 104 North Front Street.

FIELD PEAS 150 Bushels Field Peas. Nitrate Soda. Spirit Barrels. Hoop Iron. Nails. Paris Green. Bagging. Ties. Rice. Write for Prices and Terms.

D. L. GORE COMPANY Wholesale Grocers and Importers. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SPECIAL NOTICE. Carolina Yacht Club. A special meeting of Carolina Yacht Club will be held at the Club on the evening of July 13th at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of considering the matter of protection to bathers and such other business as may come before the meeting. A full attendance is requested.

A. B. SKELDING, Commodore. R. G. RANKIN, Purser. Jy3-10c

Our Style of Advertising

The Subject of Debate Between Leading Citizens:

Mr. A.—Of course, all Wilmingtonians are gratified at the success of the American National Bank.

Mr. B.—Their style of advertising appeals to me. Dignified and forceful.

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